YSI Environmental





Pure Data for a Healthy Planet.TM

YSI 650 MDS Multiparameter Display System Operations Manual

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SAFETY AND EMC CONSIDERATIONS 650 MDS

Before using the 650 MDS, the user should carefully read the caution messages listed below and should review Section 13 of this manual on Safety Considerations.

CAUTION: The YSI 660 can be used with an optional 6117 rechargeable battery pack that contains Nickel Metal Hydride Batteries which if misused or not disposed of properly can cause injury. In addition, the rechargeable battery pack can be charged with a cigarette lighter adapter that could have safety concerns if not maintained properly. <u>The user MUST read the safety</u> information concerning the general use of these batteries and their charging which are found in <u>Section 13 of this manual prior to using the battery pack</u>.

CAUTION: When using the YSI 650 MDS, please be aware that electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) performance issues may occur under certain conditions, such as when the sonde is exposed to certain radio frequency fields, fast transients, or electrostatic discharge. If you are concerned with these issues, consult the Declaration of Conformity that was enclosed with your instrument. Specific conditions where temporary sensor problems may occur are listed in this document. If you are unable to locate the Declaration of Conformity that was shipped with your instrument, contact your local YSI representative, or YSI Customer Service in Yellow Springs, Ohio for a copy of the document. See Section 14, Warranty and Service Information for contact information. In addition, if you are using your 650 in a European Community (CE) country, Australia, or New Zealand you MUST install a clamp-on ferrite bead on your PC interface cable and rechargeable battery pack adapter cable in order to comply with the Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial Class B Limits for radio-frequency emissions specified in EN55011 (CISPR11) for Industrial, Scientific and Medical laboratory equipment. See Section 12 for information on installing the ferrite bead assemblies.

TROUBLESHOOTING

The 650 MDS is characterized by sophisticated software that should provided trouble-free operation. However as with all high-capability software packages, it is always possible that the user will encounter circumstances in which the instrument does not respond to keypad entry. If this occurs, the instrument function can easily be restored by removing and then reapplying battery power. Simply remove either your C-cells or rechargeable battery pack from the battery compartment, wait 30 seconds and then replace the batteries. See Section 2.5 below for battery removal/reinstallation instructions. See Section 11 below for other troubleshooting information.

SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

The YSI 650 Multiparameter Display System (650 MDS) is a powerful, hand held microcomputer based instrument that allows the user to display sonde readings, configure sondes, store and recall data, upload data from sondes and transfer data to computers for analysis and plotting.

Key features of the YSI 650 MDS:

- Completely waterproof case that is submersible to 1 m. Meets IP-67 specification.
- Rugged design with high impact resistance
- Large, non-volatile memory
- Simple cellular phone style keypad.
- Simple intuitive user-interface
- Choice of alkaline batteries or optional rechargeable battery pack
- Fuel gauge display of battery capacity
- User selectable backlight
- Handstrap (standard) or hands free harness (optional) for user comfort
- Optional barometer
- Optional GPS interface
- Compatibility with YSI EcoWatch for Windows data analysis software
- User upgradeable software via the YSI Web page
- CE and Australian C-Tick Compliance.

Partnered with a YSI 6-Series sonde, the 650 will allow the user to easily:

- Display real-time readings from YSI 6-series sondes.
- Log real-time sonde data to internal meter memory with custom site lists.
- Calibrate 6-series sondes.
- Set up 6-series sondes for deployment.
- Upload data from sondes for transfer to PC.

SECTION 2 GETTING STARTED

This section is designed to quickly familiarize you with the hardware and software components of the YSI 650 and its accessories. By the end of Section 2 you will have...

- Unpacked the YSI 650 and confirmed that all components are present
- Become familiar with the general features and setup configurations of your YSI 650.
- □ Installed batteries in the YSI 650.
- Established communication between your 6-series sonde and the YSI 650.
- □ Viewed data from your 6-series sonde on the YSI 650 display.
- □ Learned the basics of making alphanumeric entries from the keypad by setting the YSI 650 clock and entering an Instrument ID name.

Successful completion of the above list is essential for you to continue on to Section 3, which focuses on the custom setup of the 650. In subsequent sections, you will learn about how to set up sonde menus via the 650 interface, log data to both sonde and 650 memory, and use the GPS and barometer features of the 650.

2.1 UNPACKING

Remove the instrument from the shipping box, being careful not to discard any parts or supplies. Use the packing list to ensure all items are included, and inspect all assemblies and components for damage. If any parts are damaged or missing, contact your YSI representative immediately. If you do not know which YSI dealer you obtained your YSI 650 from, refer to Section 14 of this manual for contact information.

The 650 is offered in four configurations:

- 650-01 Low memory with no barometer
- 650-02 High memory with no barometer
- 650-03 Low memory with barometer
- 650-04 High memory with barometer

All configurations include the 650 with hand strap and strain relief lanyard installed and the 655174 PC interface cable for use in data transfer to a PC and software updates from a PC. Make certain that you have received these two items (650 itself and PC Interface Cable) during the unpacking process.

The following optional accessories are offered for use with the 650.

- 6113 Rechargeable Battery Pack Kit with 6116 charger adapter cable, 6114 110 volt wall charger, and 6117 battery pack included
- 6126 Rechargeable Battery Pack Kit with 6116 charger adapter cable, 6123 universal charger, European power cable, British power cable, and 6117 battery pack included
- 6127 Rechargeable Battery Pack Kit with 6116 charger adapter cable, 6123 universal charger, China/Australia power cord, and 6117 battery pack included
- 4654 Tripod
- 614 Ultra Clamp
- 5085 Hands Free Harness
- 5065 Form-fitting Case
- 5081 Hard-sided Case
- 6117 Extra Rechargeable Battery Pack
- 6115 GPS Cable for interface with user-supplied GPS unit
- 616 Cigarette Lighter Charger

If you have ordered any of these accessories with your 650, make certain during the unpacking process that you have received them.

2.2 UNDERSTANDING THE 650 MEMORY

The 650 is available with two memory options – "low" and "high".

The less expensive low memory option (650-01 and 650-03) is designed for users who typically use their 6series sondes in sampling applications and store limited data to their logger. The available memory of the low memory option (ca. 10 kB) will allow the user to log approximately 150 field readings to a <u>single file</u> in the 650 although the exact logging capability is dependent on the number of parameters active in the 6series sonde. Note also that if multiple files are utilized, the number of logged field readings will be reduced. In addition, the low memory option will also allow the user to upload small files to the 650 that have been logged to the internal memory of sondes during **Discrete** or **Unattended sampling** studies.

The high memory option (1.5 mB) of the 650 is designed for users who log large files directly to the 650 or who wish to upload large (or many) files to the 650 from the internal memory of sondes which have been

used to log data in **Discrete or Unattended sampling** applications. For example, with the high memory option, it would be possible to easily upload the data from 7 sondes, each of which have data files in excess of 200 kB or approximately 75 days at a 15-minute Unattended sampling interval.

No matter which memory option has been selected, it is important to understand that the memory resident in the 650 is "Flash", the same type of memory present in YSI 6-series sondes. Flash memory requires no battery backup and therefore stored data cannot be lost due to instrument malfunction – a significant advantage. However, it is not possible to erase individual files from flash memory – to free-up memory, the user must erase (or format) the <u>entire</u> memory chip. From a practical point of view, this means that, while named files which are already present in the 650 memory can be "overwritten" during multiple uploads, the previously written files still occupy space in the memory. These files are in fact designated "deleted" as will be described in Section 6.5 below. For example, if a file named "TEST" is uploaded initially with a memory allocation of 50 kB and then is uploaded at a later time (and "overwritten") with a memory allocation of 100 kB, the total memory occupied is 150 KB even though only one file with the designation "TEST" and a file size of 100 kB is shown in the file directory. For this reason, when dealing with large files, the user may wish to transfer files to a PC immediately after upload and then erase the entire flash in order to assure that maximum memory is present for subsequent uploads.

The storing of data directly from sondes to the 650 memory, the uploading of data stored in 6-series sondes to the 650, and the management of these data files are described in detail in Sections 5-7 of this manual.

2.3 650 CONFIGURATIONS

There are a number of ways that you can configure the YSI 650. Below is a list of possible configurations and corresponding diagrams.

- 650 interfaced to a 6-Series sonde.
- 650 interfaced to a 6-Series Sonde and a user-supplied GPS unit.
- 650 interfaced to a PC for data transfer or software upgrade using the PC interface cable
- 650 with rechargeable battery pack being charged

Figure 1. 650 interfaced to a 6-series sonde.



Figure 2. 650 interfaced to a 6-series sonde with user-supplied GPS.



Figure 3. 650 interfaced to PC for data transfer or software upgrade.



Figure 4. Charging of 650 rechargeable battery pack.



The setup of these configurations is described in detail in subsequent sections of this manual. They are presented here so that your will be able to ascertain if you have all of the parts necessary for your applications.

2.4 650 FEATURES

The key physical features of the 650 display and keypad are shown in the figures below.



650 Front View

Note that the YSI 650 keypad consists of 20 keys as shown in the diagram above. There are four function keys, up, down, right and left arrow keys and an alpha/numeric keypad. The top left key that has a green circle and line, (D), is the ON/OFF key. The top right key, (D), activates the display backlight. The **Escape** key is labeled (Esc) and (D) is the **Enter** key.

650 Back View



Note that the back of the case contains the battery lid that is attached to the main case with four captive screws and has three fittings for attachment of the ultraclamp and tripod accessories. In addition, the battery lid has a hole that is covered with water-impermeable patch for venting of the optional barometer.

CAUTION: The barometer-venting patch is resident on the inside of the battery lid. Removal of or damage to this patch will result in water leakage into the battery compartment.

The short cord with loop (lanyard) which is attached to the bottom of the case is attached to the strain relief of the sonde cable. Simply open the D-ring, pass the lanyard loop through the opening, and then close the D-ring.

2.5 BATTERIES AND CHARGING

The YSI 650 can be powered either with 4 alkaline C cells or a rechargeable NiMH battery pack. With the C-cell configuration, the user will be able to power a typical YSI 6-series sonde (active dissolved oxygen and one optical sensor) for approximately 45 hours of continuous operation. The rechargeable battery pack will allow for about 15 hours of continuous use under these conditions. If the sonde is being powered by its own internal batteries, the 650 batteries will last much longer. YSI Sondes with internal battery capability are the 6920, 6600, 600XLM, and 600 OMS.

2.5.1 BATTERY INSTALLATION – C CELLS

Four C cells install easily into the back of the 650. Follow the instructions and diagrams below to install the batteries properly:



- Using a Phillips or slotted screwdriver, loosen the 4 captive screws on the battery lid and then remove the battery lid completely.
- Insert the cells between the battery clips, being sure to follow the polarity (+ and -) as indicated on the bottom of the battery compartment.
- Make certain that the gasket is properly installed on the battery lid before reinstallation.
- Reinstall battery lid and tighten the 4 captive screws securely and evenly using a Phillips or slotted screwdriver. Do not overtighten.

2.5.2 BATTERY INSTALLATION – RECHARGEABLE BATTERY PACK

The YSI 6113 rechargeable battery pack is self-contained and is easily installed according to the instructions and diagrams below:



• Using a Phillips or slotted screwdriver, loosen the 4 captive screws on the battery lid and then remove the battery lid completely.

• Put the battery lid in a safe place so that it will be available for future use of C cells.

• Make certain that the gasket is properly installed on the rechargeable battery before installation.

• Insert the rechargeable battery pack assembly into the battery compartment of the 650.

• Tighten the 4 captive screws securely and evenly using a Phillips or slotted screwdriver. Do not overtighten

2.5.3 BATTERY CHARGING – RECHARGEABLE BATTERY PACK

The 6117 rechargeable battery pack is charged via the MS-8 connector on the bottom of the instrument and thus the pack must be installed in the 650 for charging. To perform the charging operation, the user will need to locate the proper power supply (6114 for US/Canada/Japan or 6123 with proper power cord for all other countries) and the 6116 charger adapter cable which were supplied with your rechargeable battery pack (6113 for US/Canada/Japan, 6126 for Europe, 6127 for China/Australia). As shown in Figure 4 above, first attach the charger adapter cable to the 650, then insert the barrel connector of the power supply into the barrel of the adapter cable, and finally plug the power supply into an appropriate AC power outlet. The pack can be recharged with the 650 either "on "or "off". However, if the instrument is "on", the progress of the charging operation can be viewed in the Status Bar (see Section 2.10 below).

To ensure that you get maximum operational time from the rechargeable battery pack, the user should follow the procedures below:

- 1. Place your display/logger on charge for approximately 2 hours to obtain an 80-90 % regeneration of battery capacity.
- 2. Place your display/logger on charge for approximately 6 hours to get a full charge.
- 3. Do not charge the batteries continuously for more than 48 hours.
- 4. For long term storage, keep your battery pack between the temperatures of -20 C and 30 C and remove it from the 650 case.
- 5. Do not charge your batteries at temperatures below 0 C or above 40 C.
- 6. Do not use or store the battery pack at high temperature, such as in strong direct sunlight, in cars during hot weather, or directly in front of heaters.

If the above steps are not followed, it may result in a decrease in the operational lifetime of your battery pack. In addition, pay particular attention to the method of long term storage of the battery pack as is outlined in the following warning:

CAUTION: If the battery pack/650 will not be used for extended periods of time, the user should remove the battery pack from the instrument. Failure to do this may result in overdischarge of the pack which can have a detrimental effect of its lifetime

Note that YSI provides recharge options for many countries in the selection or the 6116, 6126, and 6127 kits. However, it is possible that the power cord options in these kits will not be correct for some users. In these cases, users should purchase the 6126 or 6127 kit and substitute their local PC type power cord for the power cord shipped with the kit. This power cord is usually readily available at any local electronics store.

An optional automotive cigarette lighter charger (YSI 616) is also available for recharging the 650 battery pack. Note that the user will require the 6116 adapter cable to use the cigarette lighter adapter. Instructions and diagrams for configuring your cigarette lighter charger and changing fuses are shown below and are found on the back of the 616 package. The user should save these instructions when unpacking the accessory and keep them for later reference.



To use the device with an American or Japanese vehicle, slide the adapter ring off of the plug. To use the device with a European vehicle, leave the adapter ring on the plug and position it so the slots on the ring line up with the plug's spring clips. To begin charging your battery pack, first plug the barrel connector of the cigarette lighter charger into the mating end of the 6116 adapter cable. Then attach the MS-8 end of the 6116 adapter cable to the 650. Finally, plug the other end of the cigarette lighter charger into the vehicle's lighter socket.

The 616 cigarette lighter charger contains a 2-ampere fast-blow type fuse. If the power cord stops working properly, unscrew the adapter's cap, remove the tip, and then pull out and check the fuse. See diagram above to remove the fuse. If the fuse is blown or you are unsure, replace it with a new 2-amp fast-blow fuse that is available at electronics stores such as Radio Shack. Reassemble the adapter and securely screw the cap back onto the adapter body.

After you have installed batteries or the rechargeable battery pack into your 650, you are ready to proceed to the next sections.

2.6 TURNING THE INSTRUMENT ON

Turn the instrument on by pressing and releasing the on/off button on the top left of the instrument keypad. The following screen should be displayed.



Note that the screen is divided into two sections – the "Main Display" at the top and a "Status Bar" at the bottom. The Main Display will provide access to the 650 and sonde menus and will be used to view sonde sensor readings in real-time, to configure the 650 and the sonde, to calibrate the sonde sensors, and to log data to either sonde or 650 memory. The Status Bar will always show the date and time of the 650 clock (updated in real-time), the remaining battery capacity, the current barometer reading if you have purchased this option, the GPS readings from a user-supplied GPS instrument, and will indicate whether the menu being viewed in the Main Display is associated with your sonde or the 650. Additional information about the Status Bar will be provided in Section 2.10 below.

You may also want to take the instrument into a dark room and, with the instrument turned ON, press the backlight key which is located at the top right of the keypad. The instrument backlight should illuminate the LCD so that the display can be read. Pushing the backlight key again will turn the backlight off. The backlight will power off automatically after two minutes of non-use.

2.7 ADJUSTING THE DISPLAY CONTRAST

The contrast of the 650 display is automatically temperature compensated to provide a proper display under most field conditions (-10 to 40 C). Some users, however, may wish to alter the display contrast to meet their own preference. In addition, if the instrument is used at more extreme temperatures, the display is likely to require some adjustment.

The contrast is easily adjusted by pressing and holding down the backlight key in the upper right of the keypad and then pressing repeatedly or holding down the up/down arrow keys while observing the display. Pressing the up arrow while holding down the backlight key increases (darkens) the contrast; pressing the down arrow under these conditions decreases (lightens) the contrast.

NOTE: The backlight itself will only be activated if the backlight key is pressed <u>and released</u>. You must <u>hold down</u> the backlight key to adjust the contrast.

2.8 USING THE YSI 650 KEYPAD



The 650 keypad allows the user to navigate various sonde and 650 menu selections and to make alpha/numeric entries into both the 650 and sonde software. The arrow keys are used to select various options in the menus; the cellular phone-style alpha/numeric keys allow data entry; the **Enter** key is used to confirm selections; and the **Escape** key returns the user to the previous position in the menu structure.

The alpha/numeric keys of the 650 can be used to enter both numbers and letters. For many entries, however, where only numbers are appropriate, the software automatically allows ONLY numeric entry, e.g., the letters (ABC) associated with the "2" key cannot be activated. Examples of this type of fixed numeric entry include setting the clock of the 650 or sonde, entering calibration parameters for sonde sensors, and changing entries such as DO warm-up time and optical wiper interval in the **Sonde Advanced|Sensor** submenu. You will follow an example of this type of entry when you set the 650 clock in the example below.

When both numeric and alpha entry are appropriate for input, the 650 keypad provides a cellular phonestyle interface for choosing the proper character. As shown in the above diagram, the 2-9 keys can also be used to input alpha characters. Basically, to activate a particular alpha/numeric character, the user must press the appropriate key repeatedly until the desired letter or number appears in the display. For example, to enter an M, press the numeric 6 key once and release. To enter an N, press the numeric 6 key twice in rapid succession and then release. Lower case letters are also available for input using this basic method. The following chart shows the alpha/numeric sequence available for each numeric key in the order they will appear as the key is pressed repeatedly.

- **1** -- 1
- $\mathbf{2} ABC2abc2$
- **3** DEF3def3
- **4** GHI4ghi4
- 5 JKL5jkl5
- **6** MNO6mno6
- **7** PQRS7pqrs7
- **8** TUV8tuv8
- 9 WXYZ9wxyz9
- **0** -- 0

Using this guide, it can be seen that the character "p" will appear and remain in the display by pressing the 7 key six times in succession. The other characters associated with this key ("P", "Q", "R", "S", and "7") will appear during the repeated pressing of the numeric 7 key. However, only the "p" entry will be retained after the key is released after the six keystrokes.

After release of the numeric key for approximately 1second, the cursor will automatically scroll to the right to prepare for the next alphanumeric input. If you make a mistake in the entry, simply return to the previous character with the left arrow key and reenter the number or letter. After the entry is complete, press the **Enter** key to confirm it. You will follow an example of this type of entry when you enter an Instrument ID name for your 650 in the example below.

To familiarize yourself with the basics of the keypad entry system, follow the instructions below to set the date and time for your 650 and to enter an Instrument ID:

Turn the instrument on to display the **650 Main menu**.

——————————————————————————————————————	Menu
Sonde run	
Sonde menu	
File	
Logging setup	
System setup	

Use the arrow keys to highlight the **System setup** selection and press the **Enter** key. A display similar to the following will appear (Note that the exact format of your displays will depend on the software version):



Use the arrow keys to highlight the **Date and Time** selection and press the **Enter** key. The following display will appear:

Date & time setup
©m/d/y
Od/m/y
⊖y/m/d
⊠4 digit year
Date=05/31/2000
Time=11:54:24
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 740.8mmHg 🗆 05/31/2000 11:54:24 🗄 🔤 🗒

Highlight the selection for your desired date format and press Enter to confirm it.

Highlight the 4-digit year selection and press **Enter** to toggle between 2-digit (no check mark present) and 4-digit (check mark present) options.

Highlight the **Date** selection and press **Enter**. A cursor will appear over the first number in the date as shown in the following display.



Enter the proper number from the keypad for the first date digit. Note that when you release the key, the cursor moves automatically to the next number. Repeat this process until the date is correct. Then press **Enter** to confirm the Date entry. Note also that, as described above, since alpha characters are inappropriate for this entry, only numeric entry is possible.

Highlight the **Time** selection and press **Enter**. Repeat the process described above for the **Date** to enter your correct local time using the military format. For example, 2:00 PM must be entered as 14:00.

Finally, press the **Escape** key to return to the System setup menu.

Now highlight the **Instrument ID** selection and press **Enter**. The following display will appear.



System setup
Version 1.07 06/21/2001
Date & time
⊿Power sonde
Baud rate to sonde: 9600
Shut off time (minutes)=0
□Comma radix
ID=.
Circuit board SN:00006011
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.2mmHg 07/12/2001 08:05:14





As shown above, enter the designation "YSI 650" using the general instructions outlined above. Start by pressing the numeric 9 key three times in rapid succession while viewing the characters on the display until a "Y" appears. After the entry is complete, pause and the cursor will automatically move to the next entry position. Now press the numeric 7 key four times in succession while viewing the characters on the display. When an "S" appears, pause and the cursor will move automatically to the next entry position. Continue with the entries in this way until ID designation is complete. If you make a mistake, you can use the left arrow key to highlight the flawed entry and correct it. When the entry is complete, press **Enter** to confirm it. Note that for this example, where <u>both</u> alpha and numeric entries are appropriate, the user must press the numeric 2 key 4 times in succession to generate the number 2, as opposed to the previous clock-setting example where a single press of the numeric 2 key generated the number 2.

After completing the above example, press the **Escape** key repeatedly to return to the **650 Main menu** and then proceed to the next section.

2.9 CONNECTING TO A SONDE

The primary use of the 650 is to interface with YSI 6-series sondes. In this configuration, you will be able to see data from the sonde sensors in real-time on the 650 display as well as to configure the sonde for your particular application. In addition, once sonde interface is established, you will be able to easily log data from the sonde sensors to either the memory of the sonde or the memory of the 650 for later analysis.

The connection between the sonde and the 650 is made via the mating of MS-8 connectors on the standard YSI field cable and the bottom of the 650 case. To make the connection, hold the 650 in one hand, place the 650 and cable connectors together, and rotate the field cable connector until engagement occurs. Then rotate the field cable connector approximately 1-quarter turn until it is fully engaged as evidenced by a

"click". After connecting the sonde to the 650, press the "on" button on the upper left of the 650 keypad to activate the **650 Main menu** as shown below:

650 Main	Menu
Sonde run	
Sonde menu	
File	
Logging setup	
System setup	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000'	739.1mmHg 📮
06/06/2000 07:51:55	

Using the arrow keys, highlight the **Sonde run** entry in the Main 650 Menu and press the **Enter** key. Readings from the 6-series sonde sensors will appear on the 650 Main Display in real-time as shown in the following diagram.



The two windows at the top of the display give the capability of logging the displayed readings to either the 650 (top left) or the sonde (top right) memory and allow the user to activate the wiper on turbidity and/or chlorophyll probes if they are present in the sonde. Instructions for use of these windows are provided in subsequent sections of this manual. Note also that there is a disk with rotating segments in the upper right corner of the display whose movement confirms that the 650/sonde interface is functional.

To return to the 650 Main menu, press the Escape key.

CAUTION: When using the 650 MDS in field applications which are in close proximity to communication towers and heavy industrial equipment, or which involve very low humidity conditions, the user may experience problems with logger function. If possible, the user should relocate the sampling site away from these potential sources of interference. In most cases, symptoms will involve instrument shutdown or display lockup. These problems can usually be overcome by either simply pressing the on/off key to reactivate the meter display or by resetting the instrument by removal of battery power as described in Section 11 of this manual. If symptoms persist after these actions, consult YSI Customer Service for advice.

2.10 UNDERSTANDING THE STATUS BAR



The diagram below shows the various components of the Status Bar of your 650. Each item identified in the drawing is explained in detail below.

2.10.1 Date and Time. This is the date and time for the clock in the 650, set by the user from the System setup menu as described above. The date and time entries are updated in real-time in the Status Bar.

2.10.2 GPS Reading. This value will be present only if a user-supplied GPS unit with NMEA 0183 format is connected to the 650 by the optional YSI 6115 cable. The setup of a GPS interface is described in more detail in Section 8 below. Once properly connected to a GPS instrument, the values displayed in the Status Bar are updated in real-time as the system is moved from location to location.

2.10.3 Barometer Reading. This value is the current local barometer reading in units selected by the user in the **System setup** menu. The value is can be used simply as a meteorological parameter or can be used in calibration of sonde dissolved oxygen sensors. The barometer reading is NOT corrected to sea level and is updated in real-time.

2.10.4 Battery Capacity Status. The graphic indicator shows the portion of the battery capacity that is remaining, either for the 4-C cell configuration or for the optional rechargeable battery pack. If a 6117 rechargeable battery pack is in place, a "NiMH" label will appear as part of the indicator. During charging of the battery pack, the black portion of the icon will pulse horizontally until charging is complete. In addition, the entire battery indicator will flash when your batteries are almost exhausted and require replacement (C-cells) or recharge (optional rechargeable battery pack).

2.10.5 Menu Indicator. This icon is located in the lower right portion of the Status Bar and provides a guide as to whether the menu on the display of the 650 originates in the sonde or the 650 itself. The icon shown in the figure above represents a 650 menu; if the menu on the display had originated in the sonde. the Status bar would display a sonde-like icon as shown below.

Maiı	n	
Run		
Calibrate		
File		
Status		
System		
Report		. Sonde Icon
Sensor		Solide Reoli
Advanced		
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 05/31/2000 14:21:14	740.4mmHg	

2.11 UPGRADING ECOWATCH FOR WINDOWS SOFTWARE

To utilize the full capability of the 650 MDS, you will need to upgrade your version of EcoWatch for Windows from the YSI World Wide Web page (www.ysi.com). Access the YSI Environmental Web Page, select "tech support" from the header, and then "Downloads". After registration, select the EcoWatch for Windows upgrade entry and follow the instructions provided. After the upgrade is complete, your software version (viewed from the EcoWatch toolbar entry **Help|About EcoWatch**) should be 3.13.00 or higher.

If you encounter difficulties in the upgrade procedures, contact YSI Customer Service for advice.

After reading the above sections and participating in the simple examples provided, you should be familiar with the basics of battery installation, keypad and display function, and keypad data entry. Please proceed to Section 3 where the setup of your 650 is described in detail.

SECTION 3 SETTING UP THE 650

The 650 has a number of features which are user-selectable or which can be configured to meet the user's preferences. Most of these choices and selections are found in the **System setup** selection in the Main 650 Menu. To explore the various setup possibilities of the 650, turn the instrument on, select **System setup**, and press **Enter**. The following display will appear. The second display can be observed by scrolling to the bottom of the **System setup** entries with the down arrow.



YSI suggests that the user become familiar with the features provided in the list below prior to using the 650 in field applications. Each item is described in some detail below.

3.1 Software version

The software version of your 650 is shown in the first line of the **System setup** menu. As enhancements are introduced to the 650, you will be able to upgrade your 650 from the YSI web page. This item will be used to track those upgrades and will be useful to YSI Customer Service personnel if you have questions about the function of the instrument.

3.2 Date and time:

As described above in Section 2.8, activate this selection to set the date and time from the 650 keypad.

3.3 Power sonde:

If this choice is active, your 6-series sonde will be powered directly from the 650 batteries. The choice MUST be active if you are using a sonde with no internal batteries (600QS, 600R, 600XL, or 6820). If using a sonde with internal batteries (600XLM, 6920, 600 OMS battery version, or 6600), you can extend the life of your 650 batteries by deactivating this selection. Note that the selection MUST BE OFF in order to determine the voltage of the internal batteries of sondes – important information for Unattended studies.

3.4 Baud rate to sonde:

This entry allows the user to adjust the baud rate for communication with the sonde. It does not affect communication for upload of files to a PC. Highlight the entry and press **Enter**. Then select the baud rate of choice and press **Enter** to confirm it. **CAUTION:** The baud rate for the 650 MUST match that in the sonde (usually set at 9600) or communication with the sonde will not be possible. Unless you know that your sonde is set to a baud rate different than 9600, YSI strongly recommends that you leave the baud rate for the 650 set to the default value of 9600.

3.5 Shutoff Time:

This value represents the number of minutes until the 650 automatically shuts down to save batteries. Values can be integers from 1 to 15 or enter "0" to disable the shutoff completely.

3.6 Comma radix:

The user can toggle between a period (default) and comma for the radix mark by selecting this item and pressing the **Enter** key. If you change your radix mark in the 650, make sure that you also change it to the same symbol in the sonde **Advanced**[Setup menu.

3.7 ID

Activate this item and **Enter** choice of instrument identification (limit 11 characters) for your 650 as described in Section 2.8 above.

3.8 Circuit board SN

This item identifies the serial number of the circuit board resident in your 650. It cannot be changed by the user.

3.9 Barometer Units:

Highlighting this selection and pressing **Enter** will activate a display which will allow you to select the units of barometric pressure which will appear in real-time in the display Status Bar. Highlight the desired units and press **Enter** to confirm the selection. This entry will only appear if you have ordered your 650 with the barometer option.

3.10 Calibrate Barometer

You may need to scroll down with the arrow keys to view this selection which allows you to calibrate the optional barometer to your local barometric pressure. While the barometer has been factory calibrated and should provide accurate readings on receipt, some sensor drift may occur over time, requiring occasional calibration by the user. Proceed as follows:

Determine your local barometric pressure. This value is usually obtained from an independent laboratory barometer. You can also obtain a barometric pressure value from your local weather service. This latter value has usually been corrected to sea level and therefore must be "uncorrected" before it can be used in calibration of the 650 barometer. See Section 9 of this manual for details.

Select **Calibrate barometer** and press **Enter**. Input the known barometric pressure from the 650 keypad in the selected units (mm Hg in the following example) and press **Enter**. Note that in the example, the barometer output has changed from 733.4 (the previous incorrect value) to 740 (the correct value from your laboratory barometer). Note also that a value of the approximate barometer offset which occurred during the calibration (6.3 mm Hg) is present in the display. The offset value is approximate due to the variation in the tenths of a mm digit of the sensor. This value can be used to return the sensor to its factory calibration; simply recalibrate the sensor to a new value which is determined by (current value) – (offset).



Note that this entry will only appear if your have ordered your 650 with the barometer option.

NOTE: After initial calibration of the barometer, a file with a name defined by the Circuit Board ID and a .glp extension (e.g., 00003245.glp) will automatically be generated and stored in 650 memory. Each additional barometer calibration record for will also be stored. See Section 6.3 below for the transfer of this file to a computer for viewing and storage.

SECTION 4 SONDE MENU INTERFACE

4.1 INTRODUCTION

The **Sonde menu** selection in the **650 Main menu** provides a terminal-like interface simulating the connection of the sonde to a PC as described in detail in Section 2 of the 6-series manual. Thus, this item provides access to the entire menu structure of your 6-series sonde software so that you can perform custom setup in the same way that would be possible if the sonde were attached to a PC.



From the **650 Main Menu**, select **Sonde menu** and press **Enter**. A display similar (depending on sonde type and sonde software version) to that shown below will appear:



Note that the icon in the lower right of the screen has changed from "meter" to "sonde" indicating that the menu shown originates in the 6-series sonde. Note also that the 650 display has been designed to be very similar to that presented on a monitor when a 6-series sonde is attached to a PC as shown below.

```
I-Run5-System2-Calibrate6-Report3-File7-Sensor4-Status8-AdvancedSelect option (0 for previous menu):
```

In fact, the only significant difference between the two interfaces is that, for the PC mode, submenus are accessed by entering the number associated with the specific item, while for the 650 mode the user must use the arrow keys to highlight the item and press the **Enter** key to activate it. Thus, the description of the 6-series sonde menu structure and function which is found in your sonde manual is completely valid as a reference for setting up your sonde for all types of studies. The menu structure of the sonde is presented in diagram form below, followed by two examples in Section 4.2 of how to use the **650 Sonde Menu** interface. In addition, brief instructions for frequently performed sonde operation are provided as a reference in Section 4.3 below.



NOTE: When using the 650, <u>all</u> sonde functions are accessed through the **Sonde menu** prompt. These include:

- Activating/Deactivating sensors
- Setting up the desired Report output
- Calibrating the sensors
- Changing the sample interval for Discrete Sample studies
- Performing file management functions on the memory in the sonde
- Checking the **Status** or **System setup** of the sonde.
- Setting up sondes for **Unattended sample** deployments.
- Setting up sondes for **Discrete sample** logging studies to sonde memory.
- Uploading files from the sonde memory to the 650.

Earlier YSI display/loggers, such as the 610 D and 610 DM, had many of these functions as distinct items in the display menu structure – a significant difference from the 650.

4.2 SONDE MENU EXAMPLES

To become familiar with the **650 Sonde menu** function, YSI recommends that the user connect a sonde to their 650 and proceed through the following two examples of common sonde interface operations.

Example 1: Setting up the Report Output – Activation of the Salinity Parameter

Highlight the **Sonde menu** selection in the 650 Main menu and press **Enter**. Then use the arrow keys highlight the **Report** selection and press **Enter** again.

650 Main Me	nu
Sonde run	
Sonde menu	
File	
Logging setup	
System setup	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 06/01/2000 17:06:37	740.6mmHg 🗆

Main	
Run	
Calibrate	
File	
Status	
System	
Report	
Sensor	
Advanced	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 06/04/2000 12:57:53	740.3mmHg

Use the arrow keys to highlight the **Salinity** selection and then press the **Enter** key to activate the parameter as shown by a dot in the open circle. Note that the entire report list can be accessed by continuing to scroll the highlighting block down with the arrow key. After activation of salinity in the **Report** setup of the sonde, press the **Escape** key twice in succession to return to the **Main sonde** menu.

Report setup
<pre> @Date </pre>
<pre> Time hh:mm:ss </pre>
®Temp C
●SpCond uS/cm
OCond
OResist
®TDS g/L
O <mark>Sal ppt</mark>
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 740.2mmHg 06/04/2000 13:00:55

Report s	etup
\bigcirc Resist	Î
⊙TDS g/L	
⊙Sal ppt	
⊙DOsat %	
⊛D0 mg/L	
\bigcirc D0chrg	ļ
⊚рн	
⊖pH mV	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 05/31/2000 15:24:48	739.8mmHg

Example 2: Calibrating the Dissolved Oxygen Sensor

NOTE: In the following example, it is assumed that the **Autosleep RS232** function of your sonde has been disabled in the sonde **Advanced**|**Setup** menu. If **Autosleep** were active, then the display would indicate a countdown of the DO warm-up time and calibrate automatically at the end of this time period. See Section 4.3.9 of this manual and Section 2 of your 6-series manual for more information on the **Autosleep** function.

Place the sonde in the calibration chamber with the dissolved oxygen probe in water-saturated air.

Highlight the **Sonde menu** selection in the 650 Main menu and press **Enter**. Then, use the arrow keys to highlight the **Calibration** selection and press **Enter**.



Use the arrow keys to highlight the **Dissolved Oxygen** selection and press **Enter**. Then, use the arrow keys to highlight the **DO%** selection and press **Enter**.



Use the 650 numeric entry keys and the right/left arrow keys to enter the current local barometric pressure. Then, press the **Enter** key and observe the dissolved oxygen reading until stabilization occurs. Make sure the **Calibrate** selection is highlighted in upper window.

NOTE: The current barometric pressure as read by your 650 will automatically appear as the default value if your 650 is equipped with a barometer.



When the dissolved oxygen reading is stable, press the **Enter** key to confirm the calibration as indicated by the message "Calibrated" in the header. In addition, the message in the upper window will change from

"Calibrate" to "Continue". Make sure that "Continue" is highlighted and press **Enter** to return to the **DO** calibration menu.



4.3 COMMON OPERATIONS USING THE 650 SONDE MENU SELECTION

The following section provides brief instructions for carrying out frequently used sonde activities via the **Sonde menu** selection of the 650. The instructions do not provide the detail of the examples above, assuming that the user understands how to navigate the menus with the **Enter**, **Escape**, and **Arrow** keys and is able to make alpha/numeric entries from the keypad.

4.3.1 Running the sonde in real-time

This function can be accomplished either automatically from the **Sonde run** selection of the 650 menu or by using the **Sonde menu** selection to activate the **Run**|**Discrete Sample** submenu of the Main 6-series menu. If the **Sonde run** selection is made, data automatically appears on the screen at a sample interval of approximately 1 second. However, if the user chooses to use the **Run** function from the sonde menu, the sample rate can be set to higher values in the Discrete Sample menu. This feature will be described in detail in Section 5. To **Run** the sonde from the **Discrete sample** menu, highlight **Start sampling** and press the **Enter** key.

4.3.2 Setting up a sonde for deployment

Use the **650 Sonde menu** selection to access **Run|Unattended sample** and then proceed with the setup for the monitoring study as described in detail in Section 2 of the 6-series manual. Use the keypad to set the sample interval and input file and site names. Then highlight **Start logging** and press **Enter** to begin the Unattended study in which data is logged directly to the sonde memory. Finally, disconnect the 650 and deploy the sonde.

4.3.3 Uploading data from sondes to the 650

Use the **650 Sonde menu** selection to access the sonde **File** menu and then choose either a **Quick upload** (all data in the last file) or **Upload** (complete or partial data in any sonde file) as described in detail in Section 2 of the 6-series manual. After the proper selection is made, press **Enter** and the file will be transferred automatically to the 650 memory with the 650 display indicating that an upload is in progress. The uploading of data files from sondes to the 650 is demonstrated in greater detail in Section 7 below.

4.3.4 Calibrating sonde sensors

Use the **650 Sonde menu** selection to access the sonde **Calibrate** menu. Once the menu has been activated, use the arrow keys to highlight a sensor for calibration and follow the instructions on the screen. Use the keypad to enter numeric values associated with the calibration standards and press **Enter** to confirm your input. View the data from each calibration standard in real-time and then highlight the **Calibrate** selection in the upper frame. When the output is stable, press **Enter** to confirm the calibration point. Then highlight **Continue** and press **Enter** to either move to the next calibration point or to finalize the calibration. See the example in Section 4.2 above for a typical calibration procedure.

NOTE: To return a sensor calibration setup to its factory default setting, access any calibration routine for that particular sensor which asks for numeric input. However, instead of entering numbers, hold the **Enter** key down and press the **Escape** key. Highlight "yes" and press **Enter**. This protocol is the equivalent of entering the command "uncal" from a computer keyboard.

4.3.5 Changing the sonde Sensor setup

Use the **650 Sonde menu** selection to access the sonde **Sensor** menu. Once the menu has been activated, use the arrow keys to highlight a sensor for activation/deactivation and press **Enter** to confirm your choice.

4.3.6 Changing the sonde Report setup

Use the **650 Sonde menu** selection to access the sonde **Report** menu. Once the menu has been activated, use the arrow keys to highlight a sensor for activation/deactivation and press **Enter** to confirm your choice. See the example in Section 4.2 above.

4.3.7 Viewing data stored in the sonde

Utilize the **650 Sonde menu** selection to access the **File** menu of the sonde. Highlight the "View file" selection and press **Enter**. Select the file that you want to view. Choose **Proceed** and press **Enter** to view the entire file or select the portion of the data that you want to view and then select **Proceed** and press **Enter** to confirm your selection. After data has appeared on the screen, use the arrow keys to select the particular sensor data that you wish to view.

IMPORTANT: The sonde **Quick view file**, which is designed to show the last page of data of the last logged file when the sonde is interfaced to a PC is slightly different for the sonde/650 interface. Making this selection will indeed show data from the last logged file, but all data (not just the last page) will be displayed. It is still possible, however, to quickly view the last few logged data points which may be important in checking a sonde's current performance in the field. To rapidly move to the end of the file (in either **View file** or **Quick view file**), press and HOLD the down arrow to accelerate the transition to the final data points. Then use the arrow keys to view the data of interest.

4.3.8 Configuring and setting the sonde clock

Utilize the **650 Sonde menu** selection to access the **System** menu of the sonde. Highlight the **Date & Time** selection and press **Enter**. Use the arrow keys to highlight the preferred date format and press **Enter** to confirm your selection. Activate/deactivate the **4-digit year** selection, as desired, using the **Enter** key to toggle between choices. Finally, set the date and time by highlighting the entries and inputting new values from the keypad.

4.3.9 Setting the sonde Autosleep configuration

As explained in Section 2 of the 6-series manual, the setup of the **Autosleep RS-232** function of the sonde should be governed by the following rules:

- Unattended sample studies/Remote deployments Autosleep Active
- Discrete sample studies with user present Autosleep Inactive

The rules are particularly important with regard to the method of dissolved oxygen calibration – automatic at the Unattended sample interval if Autosleep is Active; manually controlled by the user if Autosleep is inactive. See Section 2 of the 6-series manual for additional information on the Autosleep function.

To set the Autosleep function, utilize the 650 **Sonde menu** selection to access the **Advanced**|**Setup** menu of the sonde. Use the up/down arrow keys to highlight the **Autosleep RS232** selection and toggle the function on/off with the **Enter** key until it is correct for your application.

SECTION 5 LOGGING DATA WITH THE 650

5.1 INTRODUCTION AND BASICS OF LOGGING

A primary function of the 650 is to facilitate the storage of field data from 6-series sonde sensors for later analysis. It is important to understand that sonde sensor data can be logged to <u>two memory locations</u> using a system consisting of a 650 interfaced with a sonde: (1) memory resident in the sonde and (2) memory resident in the 650 itself. Different applications may favor one logging choice over another. In addition, data can be logged either as single points (after the user has verified stabilization) or as a continuous data stream at a fixed sample interval. No matter where or how the user decides to log field data with a 650/sonde system, the 650 software plays the key role in controlling the process.

When setting up the 650/sonde system for your logging application, it important to realize that the **650 Run** display, from which all logging is initiated can be activated by two methods. The first is to simply highlight the **Sonde run** selection from the 650 menu. The second is to use the **Sonde menu** command from the **650 Main menu** to enter the sonde menu structure and then to activate a **Discrete sample** study. Either of these methods can be used to log data to both the sonde and the 650. However, for most applications, the latter method (Run screen from sonde **Discrete sample**) should be used to activate <u>logging to sonde</u> memory with the sample interval between logged points in a continuous data stream set from the **Discrete sample** menu of the sonde. Likewise, the former method (direct activation of the **650 Run** display from the **Sonde run** command) should usually be used to activate <u>logging to 650</u> memory with the sample interval set in the **Logging setup** menu of the 650.

NOTE: Logging to sonde memory may not be possible for some older version 600R, 600XL, and 6820 sondes that were purchased prior to September 1999.

The two modes of activating the **650 Run** display prior to the logging of data to either sonde or 650 memory are shown in schematic fashion in the following drawing:



The user should particularly note the two windows in the upper portion of the display above, one designated "650" and the other "Sonde". All logging, either to sonde or 650 memory is controlled from these windows. As indicated, data storage to the 650 is controlled from the upper left logging window. Storage to the sonde memory is controlled from the upper right logging window. The highlighting cursor associated with the logging windows can be moved within a particular window using the up/down arrows and toggled from window to window using the left/right arrows. Note also that, if your sonde contains an optical sensor, it is possible to activate the probe wiper prior to logging from the Sonde logging window.

While the following sections will show that the logging functions of the 650 have a high degree of flexibility and capability, from a basic point of view, logging with the 650 is simple:

- Decide if you want to log data continuously, and, if so, determine what sample interval between data points is appropriate for you study. If you will be logging to 650 memory, highlight the **Logging setup** selection from the 650 Main menu, then highlight the **Interval** selection and set the interval as desired. If you will be logging to sonde memory, select the **650 Sonde menu** and then **Run**|**Discrete sample** from the sonde menu. Set the sample interval and then activate the data display by selecting **Start sampling**.
- Select the memory (sonde or 650) in which you want to store your data by toggling between the logging windows.
- Highlight the logging method desired "Log one sample" for a single logged point or "Start logging" to store a continuous data stream.
- Press Enter to activate the logging selection.
- To end the study if a continuous data stream was selected, press **Enter** with the highlight cursor on the **Stop logging** command or press the **Escape** key.

Sections 5.2 and 5.3 below provide details and real-life examples of logging data to sonde memory and to 650 memory, respectively, using the 650 as the interface.

5.2 LOGGING DATA TO SONDE MEMORY

5.2.1 INTRODUCTION

All YSI 6-series sondes sold since September 1999 have memory present on their internal PCBs. In addition, all 600XLM, 6920, and 6600 sondes have internal memory, regardless of the date of purchase. Interface of these sondes to a 650 allows the user to easily store data (either a single point or a continuous stream) to the sonde memory. If a continuous stream of data is desired, the interval between the stored points is controlled by the **Sample interval** in the sonde's **Discrete sample** function. The file name under which this data is stored and the site name associated with the file are also input in the **Discrete sample** function of the sonde using the 650 keypad as the input method. When logging to sonde memory, be sure to follow the instructions above with regard to entering the **650 Run** display either directly from the **650 Sonde run** menu or indirectly from the 650 **Sonde menu** selection to control your sample interval.

The following examples show the setup and implementation of logging to sonde memory using the 650 as the interface device.

5.2.2 EXAMPLE 1 – SIMPLE SINGLE POINT LOGGING TO SONDE MEMORY

A user with a 600XL/650 system wants to store data electronically from a single site rather than writing down the information manually in the field.

To log this data point to the sonde memory, the user highlights the **Sonde run** selection in **the 650 Main menu** and presses **Enter** to begin data display.

650 Main Menu- Sonde run Sonde menu File Logging setup System setup	Run Sonde bgg one sample ggg one sample bgg one sample ggg one sample 06/02/00 MDY 92.600 % 07:01:40 © 8.01 Dom ^a 22.57°c 55.300 ch 3 ^{pg} fin 7.00 pH 0.0022 TDS% 96.0 opp	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.8mmHg 🗖 06/02/2000 08:00:15 👚	U.UUSal N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.7mmHg 06/02/2000 07:58:19	

Sample lo	gged.
Log one sample	Sonde
Start logging St	art logging
06/02/00MDY	94.2m%
07.12.27	Q 11.
07.13.370	Q.140°
22 59°c	55 3m.
22.000	7 .4
ئى _× 8ىرك	/.U1 _P H
0 002	95 2
	JJ.ZORP
0.00sat	
N 0º 0 000' E 0º 0 000'	740 0mmHa
06/02/2000 08-10-16	140.0000 GONDE
00/ 02/ 2000 08.10.10	اخا

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The user places the sonde in the water and watches the readings on the 650 display until they are stable. When stable, the **Log one sample** selection in the Sonde logging window (upper right) is highlighted as shown above and the **Enter** key is pressed. The header changes from "Run" to "Sample logged" to confirm that the data storage to sonde memory was successful and then returns automatically to the **Sonde run** display. The user turns the 650 off and returns to the office to retrieve the data.

The single data point is stored in the sonde memory under the automatically generated file name NONAME1. The file can be viewed by selecting **Sonde menu** from the 650 Main menu and pressing **Enter**.



To view the data on return from the site, the user selects the sonde menu **File** selection, presses **Enter** to confirm the entry, and then highlights the **View file** selection and presses **Enter**. Following these instructions generates a display of the data that is stored in the sonde memory under automatically generated name NONAME1. Use the right/left arrow keys to scroll horizontally to view all of the data.



The user manually records the data from the site and turns the system off.

5.2.3 EXAMPLE 2 – CONTINUOUS LOGGING APPLICATION TO SONDE MEMORY

A user wants to carry out a vertical profile of a lake from 0 to 30 feet in order to detect the presence of a thermocline, and, if identified, to locate its position in the water column. The experiment will involve lowering a 6920 sonde in 1 foot increments until the bottom of the lake is detected, leaving the sonde at each depth for 3 minutes to allow the sensor readings to stabilize while logging data continuously. Thus, the user will generate data over a 90 minute time period (30 increments times 3 minutes per increment). If data were logged directly to sonde memory at the default 0.5 second sample interval, a very large data file containing 5400 data points would be generated, with little benefit gained from its size.

With this in mind, the user decides to increase the sample interval to 16 seconds, thus greatly reducing the amount of data in the file with no loss of real resolution. As explained above, the sample interval for logging to sonde memory is set in the Discrete sample menu of the sonde, and thus the user MUST activate the **650 Run** display indirectly using the **650 Sonde menu** selection as detailed above.

The user attaches the 6920 sonde to a 650. After turning on the 650, the user selects **Sonde menu** from the **650 Main menu** and presses **Enter** to display the **Main** sonde menu.

————650 Main	Menu
Sonde run	
Sonde menu	
File	
Logging setup	
System setup	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000'	740.6mmHg
IIE/III//JIIIII ///IIE////	2.5

Main	n
Run	
Calibrate	
File	
Status	
System	
Report	
Sensor	
Advanced	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 05/31/2000 14:21:14	740.4mmHg

The user then selects **Run** from the sonde Main menu and **Discrete sample** from the **Run** menu, pressing **Enter** to confirm each selection.



To set up the desired study parameters, the user uses the 650 keypad to change the Sample interval from 0.5 seconds to 16 seconds and inputs custom file (PROFILE1) and site (WEST LAKE) designations.

Discrete sample	Discrete sample
Start sampling	Start sampling
Sample interval= <mark>16</mark>	Sample interval=16
File=	File=PROFILE1
Site=	Site=WEST LAKE
Open a file	Open a file
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 740.4mmHg	N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 740.4mmHg
06/01/2000 17:16:22 ⊉	06/01/2000 17:18:28

The user then highlights **Start sampling** and lowers the instrument into the water to begin the study. The data displayed on the screen is updated every 16 seconds. The user then highlights the **Start logging** selection in the sonde logging window in the upper right of the display and presses **Enter** to begin logging data to sonde memory. The message in the sonde logging window changes to **Stop logging**, indicating that logging has successfully been activated.

Run Sonde Log one sample Log one sample Start logging Start logging	Run 650 Sonde Log one sample Log one gample Start logging Stort Logging	Discrete sample Start sampling
06/01/00 ^{MDY} 96.7 [™] 16:28:13 [™] 8,38 [™] 22.45 [™] 56.3 [™]	06/01/00 MDY 97.1 m% 16:28:45⊚ 8.42m [™] 22.45° 56.3 m	Sample interval=16 File=PROFILE1 Site=WEST LAKE
2-1-3 б.98 рн 3 μ5 μ5 б.98 рн 0.002 грз% 88.6 окр 0.00 с. 12.3 лнн	С. 198 рн 0.002тряд 88.40кр 0.005д 12.3 гг/	
V.OVSal IZ.OĽVolt N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 740.4mmHg 06/01/2000 17:24:53 ⊉	0.000'E 0° 0.000' 740.6mmHg 06/01/2000 17:25:31 È	N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 740.4mmig 06/01/2000 17:29:19

At the end of the 90 minute profile determination, the user either confirms the **Stop logging** command by pressing **Enter** or simply presses the **Escape** key to return to the sonde **Discrete sample** menu, highlights the **Close file** selection, and confirms the file closing by pressing **Enter**.

The profile data taken at a 16 second sample interval is now stored in the sonde memory under the file name PROFILE1. It can be viewed on the 650 display and/or uploaded to the 650 memory or directly to a PC by accessing the sonde **File** menu.



5.2.4 SONDES WITHOUT MEMORY

If your sonde is a 600R, 600XL, or 6820 purchased prior to September 1999, it may contain a circuit board that does not have memory. With sondes of this type, you will not be able to log data to the sonde – only to the 650 as detailed in the following section. With these no-memory sondes attached to your 650, the **Run** display will show a blank Sonde logging window as shown below.

Run	
650 Log one sample Start logging	Sonde
71.86° _F	163.9 _{0RP}
29.4 _{00%}	
2.5 <u>6</u> ∞ሞ	
24.7 роск 8.06 рн	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 05/31/2000 11:44:04	740.8mmHg (SONDE-
5.3 LOGGING DATA TO 650 MEMORY

5.3.1 INTRODUCTION

Even if the sonde in your 650/sonde system has its own memory, it may be more convenient for you to log data directly to the 650 memory simply because you eliminate the need to upload the data after logging, i.e., it will already be resident in 650 memory. In addition, logging directly to 650 memory allows you to log GPS and barometric pressure readings along with sonde sensor data. Barometer and GPS data cannot be logged to sonde memory. Finally, the file/site list capability associated with the 650 is more powerful than that of the sonde, allowing you to log data from several sites to a single file. If these applications are important to you, then it is likely that logging directly to 650 memory should be your first choice. Naturally, if your sonde is a 600R, 600XL, or 6820 with no memory (pre-1999), then you will be REQUIRED to log your sonde data directly to the 650.

Before proceeding in this section, be sure that you review Section 5.1 above which describes the basics of logging with a 650 (either to sonde or to 650 memory).

The following sections will provide details and examples of the flexibility of logging sonde data to 650 memory. The distinction between (a) simple occasional logging with file and site names entered at the logging site and (b) logging to a more sophisticated file structure where file parameters are entered into a site list prior to going to the field will be described.

5.3.2 SIMPLE LOGGING TO 650 MEMORY

The term "simple logging" to 650 memory refers to the method of defining file and site names for the study. In applications of this type, the user inputs new file and site (optional) names for each study at the time the data is logged.

IMPORTANT: The **Use site list** selection in the **650 Logging setup** menu should be INACTIVE for the example below which demonstrates simple logging.

A user with a 600XL/650 system wants to store a continuous stream of data electronically for a single site at a sample interval of 10 seconds between data points. Note that this is a similar example to that in 5.2.2 above, except that the logging is to 650, rather than sonde, memory and a data stream, rather than a single point, will be logged.

The first step in this application is to make certain that the sample interval is set correctly for the logging study. The factory default sample interval of 1 second will therefore need to be changed to 10 seconds.

To set the sample interval, highlight the Logging setup entry in the 650 Main menu and press Enter.

650 Main Sonde run Sonde menu	Menu
File	
Logging setup	
System setup	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 07/12/2001 08:52:47	739.3mmHg 🗆 単

Logging setup
Interval= <mark>00:00:01</mark>
□Use site list
⊠Store Barometer
□Store Lat and Long
_
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.5mmHg 🔲 07/12/2001 08:58:06 🕀

Press Enter at the highlighted **Interval** selection and use the arrow keys to scroll to the right and change the interval from 1 second to 10 seconds. Confirm the selection by pressing **Enter** and then press **Esc** to return to the **650 Main menu**.

Logging setup	Logging setup
Interval=00:00:1	Interval=00:00:10
Use site list	Use site list
ØStore Barometer	ØStore Barometer
Store Lat and Long	OStore Lat and Long
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.6mmHg □ 07/12/2001 09:00:17	N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.6mmig

Once the sample interval is set correctly in the **650 Logging setup** menu, the user simply highlights the **Sonde run** selection in the **650 Main menu** and presses **Enter** to begin data display.

650 Main Menu	Run
Sonde run	Log one sample Log one sample
Sonde menu	Clean optics
File	07/12/2001мby 9.04boで
Logging setup	10:05:39 50.2 _{00 ch}
System setup	21.92°c 2.15 _∎ н
	0.001 _{m5/5} 3.0 _{NTU}
	0.001 ms ³ -4.1 m ³
	103.2 ^{00%} 12.1 ¹⁰⁰
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.8mmHg □ 06/02/2000 08:00:15 👚 🕎	N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 740.0mmHg 07/12/2001 09:10:21

The user places the sonde in the water and then highlights the **Start logging** selection in the 650 logging window (upper left) and presses **Enter**. The user is then prompted to enter a **Filename and Site description** for the study as shown below.



Using the arrow keys, the **Filename** window is highlighted, the user presses the **Enter** key and then inputs the file name (in this case, WEST) from the keypad as shown above. A site name (BLUE LAKE) is then entered from the keypad by highlighting the **Site description** window and proceeding as for the **File** name. Pressing **Enter** confirms the **Site** entry. The user then highlights the **OK** window and presses **Enter** to begin logging the data stream. The header of the 650 logging windows changes to **Stop logging** to confirm that the data storage to 650 memory is active and a **countdown timer** appears at the top of the display to show the exact moment a point is logged to 650 memory. When the study is complete, the user highlights the **Stop logging** selection and presses **Enter** to terminate logging.

NOTE: For ultimate simplicity, it was not necessary to enter either a file or a site name in the above application. If the **OK** window had been highlighted immediately and **Enter** pressed, a point will be logged to a file in the 650 memory under the designation NONAME1. It is also possible to input a custom file name, but not enter a site name and then log the point.

The stream of data is stored in the 650 memory under the file name WEST that was input by the user. The file can be viewed by selecting **File** from the 650 Main menu and pressing **Enter**. Then highlight the **View file** selection and then the selected file (WEST), pressing **Enter** after each entry. The data in the file will be displayed as shown below. Use the arrow keys to scroll horizontally in order to view all of the data.



Note that, using these same basic guidelines, data could have been logged at another site on the same day with the user inputting a different site designation (file name and site name) in the field. Data could also have been logged single points or as a continuous data stream at each site simply by the choice of **Log single point** or **Start logging**, respectively, in the 650 Logging window.

Data can also be appended at later times to existing site designations. However, there is a limitation on this process: the parameter setup during subsequent logging runs MUST be exactly the same as for the first entry. For example, if you add a sonde parameter to the Report for the second logging run to a particular site, you will not be able to append this data to the existing file. If you logged Barometer or GPS readings to the initial file you will be required to maintain the logging of these files on subsequent logging runs. If your current parameter setup is different from the one used initially, a "Parameter Mismatch" screen similar to that shown below will appear when you try to log data to the old site designation. The screen should help in pinpointing the change in your parameter setup that is causing the inability to append the file. In the example below, the old parameter setup is shown on the right of the screen and the new parameter setup is on the left. It is evident that the mismatch occurs in the third line where salinity from the new setup is "mismatched" with "DO %" from the old setup. The screen thus shows that salinity has been added to the parameter list between the two logging studies and must be removed if the original file is to be appended with further data.



5.3.3 LOGGING TO 650 MEMORY WITH A SITE LIST

In the example above, you learned how to log data to 650 memory that had file and site designations input to the logger at the time that the data was logged in the field. It is also possible, and in most cases more convenient, to place file and site designations into the 650 memory in the office or laboratory before moving to the field for logging studies. This is particularly true if you are aware of the sites at which you will be determining water quality data and/or which you will be visiting on a regular basis. The following section describes how to set up site lists which contain entries designated "Site Designations" that will be instantly available to the user in the field to facilitate the logging of data in the field with pre-established naming of files and sites. There are two kinds of **Site Designations** available for use in Site lists:

- Site Designations associated with applications where data from a <u>single site</u> is always logged to a <u>single file</u>. This type is referred to as a "Single-Site Designation" and is characterized by two parameters a file name and a site name. Files logged to 650 memory under **Single-Site Designations** will be characterized primarily by the File name, but will also have the Site name attached, so that it is viewable in either the **650 File directory** or in EcoWatch for Windows after upload to a PC
- Site Designations associated with applications where data from <u>multiple sites</u> are logged to a <u>single</u> <u>file</u>. This type is referred to as a "Multi-site Designation" and is characterized by three parameters a file name, a site name, and a site number. Files logged to 650 memory under **Multi-site Designations** are characterized by a file name, but not a site name, since multiple sites are involved. However, each data point has a Site Number attached to it so that the user can easily determine the sampling site when viewing the data from the **650 File** menu or processing the data in EcoWatch for Windows after upload to a PC.

When reading the following section on the use of the **650 Site list**, remember that a **Site List** is a compilation of individual entries called **Site Designations**. **Single-Site Designations** are used when the data from a particular location is always logged to the same single file. A **Single-Site Designation** is characterized by a unique file name. **Multi-Site Designations** are used when data from <u>several</u> locations are logged to a <u>single</u> file. For **Multi-site Designations**, there will a single **File Name** with multiple **Site Names** and **Site Numbers**. The following displays show examples of **Single** and **Multi-Site Designations**.





Note that Site lists containing **Single Site** Designations are usually input with the designation **Store Site Number** INACTIVE in the **650** Logging setup menu. Thus, no site numbers appear in the first **Site list** example. Conversely, **Site lists** containing **Multi-Site Designations** MUST be input with the **Store Site Number** selection ACTIVE as shown in the second example.

As noted above, establishment of either of these two types of **Site Designations** that are stored in 650 memory in a **Site List** will allow you to log field data to the 650 memory without entering file/site information from the 650 keypad in the field at each site. You will easily be able to access previously entered **Site Designation** information from this the **Site List** at each field site and thus simplify your record keeping and logging procedures. To utilize the full capability of the 650 logging system, you will need to understand how to set up and use these two types of **Site Designations**, particularly if you are performing multiple or replicate logging studies at various field sites. The following discussion and examples should help you understand how to set up site lists for various applications.

LOGGING OF DATA TO 650 MEMORY FROM SINGLE SITES TO SINGLE FILES – USE OF SINGLE-SITE DESIGNATIONS IN A SITE LIST

The setup and use of **Single-Site Designations** will be provided in the following application example: Water quality data needs to be collected for two sites at the West and East ends of a lake (Blue Lake) at various time intervals for 30 days. The environmental scientists want all of the data for each site to be in a separate data file that can be reported from EcoWatch for Windows or from a spreadsheet. The key to this application is that each physical location will need to be characterized by a different **File Name** in the **Site Designation**.

To establish a site list in the 650 memory for this application, highlight the **Logging setup** selection in the 650 Main menu and press **Enter**. The following screen will appear. Make certain that the selection **Use Site list** is active to display the full capability of the Logging setup as shown below. To set up a list with Single-Site Designations the selection **Store Site number** should be INACTIVE (as shown below) before proceeding.



Note also that if you have purchased a 650 without the barometer option, the selection **Store barometer** will not be present. Decide whether or not you want to store GPS and barometer information with your data file and activate/deactivate the **Store Lat and Long** and **Store Barometer** selections appropriately. Leaving these selections active will occupy memory in the 650 during logging and this factor may be a consideration if you have purchased a 650 with "Low" memory and you do not really require this information in your file. Once these selections have been made, highlight the **Edit site list** selection and press **Enter** to display the screen below. Note that you can use the left/right arrows to scroll between the **Filename** and **Site name** selections and that tips about the meaning of these terms are provided at the bottom of the display depending on the position of the cursor.

Edit site list	Edit site list
 ⊕+▲ or ⊕+♥ to move a site ⊕+● to insert a site ⊕+● to delete a site Tip: Leave blank to use the same filename as the previous site. 	 ⊕+▲ or ⊕+♥ to move a site ⊕+● to insert a site ⊕+● to delete a site ⊕+● is of delete a site Tip: Sitename will added to the header of new files.
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 736.9mmHg □ 07/11/2001 14:33:54	N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 741.1mmHg 06/09/2000 08:53:48

To make **Site list** entries for this application, begin by highlighting the **Filename** position, pressing **Enter** and inputting the file name (WEST, in this case) from the keypad. Press **Enter** to confirm the entry and the cursor will automatically move to the right for the entry of a **Site name**. Enter BLUE LAKE for the site and press **Enter** to confirm the entry. The cursor will move automatically to the next **Filename** entry position. Now enter EAST for the file name and BLUE LAKE for the site name, pressing **Enter** after each entry to confirm. Your site list should appear like that in the following display.



You have now established a site list that will be available in the field for logging of data to two files on BLUE LAKE -- EAST and WEST. To use this list, you need to first make certain that the entry Use site list is active in the 650 logging setup. Then travel to the first location, identified by the Filename WEST, activate the 650 Run display, and then select either a continuous data stream (Start logging) or a single data entry (Log single point) from the 650 logging window.

650 Main Sonde run	Menu
Sonde menu	
File	
Logging setup	
System setup	
	7 40 000
N U° U.UUU' E U° U.UUU'	/ 40.9mmng



Then press **Enter**. When the logging prompt is activated, the site list will automatically appear on the display and be available for use in your study as shown below. First highlight the WEST file (since you are at that location) and press **Enter** to log data to the 650 memory. An indication that the logging was successful will appear in the 650 logging window. Then move to the next location (EAST), activate the 650 logging function, and repeat the logging process, but this time highlighting the EAST Filename entry.



NOTE: If you want to return to the **Edit site list** display for changes before logging, use the RIGHT ARROW KEY to highlight the **Configure** selection and press **Enter**. The up/down arrows will only scroll within the Site list.

The data from the two locations has been logged to the selected files that can be either viewed manually using the 650 **View file** menu or uploaded to EcoWatch for Windows from the **650 File** menu. This means that all data for the West and East sites are located in <u>separate</u> files identified by the **Filenames** WEST and EAST as shown in the 650 File Directory below.

650 File
Directory
Upload to PC
View file
File memory
Delete all files
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 741.7mmHg
02/25/2000 17:19:17 🗎 🛄 📖 🛱

Filename Sampl	es	Bytes ·
WEST	1	363
EAST	1	363
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 02/25/2000 17:20:46		741.4mmHg 🔲

Details of the files (shown by pressing **Enter** when the File is highlighted in **Directory**) are shown below. Note that the site name (BLUE LAKE) is listed in the file since the data was logged using **Single-Site Designations**.

View file		
File:WEST.d	lat	
Site:BLUE L	AKE	
ID:YSI 650		
Samples:	1	
Bytes:	325	
First:07/11	/2001	15:06:40
Last :07/11	/2001	15:06:40
N 0º 0.000' E 0º 0.	.000	736.9mmHg

File details
View file
File:EAST.dat
Site:BLUE LAKE
ID:YSI 650
Samples: 1
Bytes: 325
First:07/11/2001 15:06:51
Last :07/11/2001 15:06:51
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 736.9mmHg □ 07/11/2001 15:09:20

These files will remain "open" in 650 memory so that you can return to each location at a future time and log more data to the file designations WEST and EAST (but see note below). The key for this **Site list** setup is that all data logged will be stored in a separate file for each location (WEST and EAST) which were designated as file names at the site BLUE LAKE.

NOTE CAREFULLY: As described above for non-site list files, there is a limitation on appending data to existing files: the parameter setup during subsequent logging runs MUST be exactly the same as for the first entry. For example, if you add a sonde parameter to the Report for the second logging run to a particular site, you will not be able to append this data to the existing file. If you logged Barometer or GPS readings to the initial file you will be required to maintain the logging of these files on subsequent logging runs. If your current parameter setup is different from the one used initially, the **Site Designation** for that file will be "grayed-out" in the **Site list** and will not be available until you adjust your parameter setup. If you try to log data to the grayed-out file, you will be shown a "Parameter Mismatch" screen similar to that shown in Section 5.3.2 for non-site list files which will aid in diagnosing the differences in the parameter setup that is preventing the existing file from being appended with new data

LOGGING OF DATA FROM SEVERAL DIFFERENT SITES TO THE SAME FILE – USE OF A "MULTI-SITE" LIST

The setup and use of **Multi-Site Designations** will be provided in the following example which deals with a different approach to the application in the previous example on **Single-Site Designations**: Water quality data needs to be collected for two sites at the West and East ends of a lake (Blue Lake) at various time intervals for 30 days. In this case, the environmental scientists want all of the data in a <u>single file</u> for recording keeping convenience. The key to this application is that the **Site list** will need to contain **Multi-Site Designations** with the same **Filename**, but with different **Site names and Site numbers** to characterize each physical location.

To make Site list entries for this application, highlight the **Logging setup** selection in the 650 main menu and press **Enter**. The following screen will appear. As in the previous **Site list** setup, make certain that you have activated/deactivated the **Store barometer** and **Store Lat and Long** settings as appropriate for your application. The real key, however, in configuring the **Logging setup** display for use with a Multi-site list is that you MUST make certain that the selection **Store Site number** is ACTIVE (as shown below) before proceeding.

650 Main Sonde run Sonde menu File	Menu
Logging setup System setup Test	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 02/25/2000 16:27:11	741.6mmHg □ (1)



Then highlight the Edit site list selection and press Enter to display the following screen.



To generate a list of **Multi-Site Designations** for storing readings from various sites to the same file, establish two entries in the site list with the same file name (BLUELAKE). The entries will be differentiated by different **Site names** (WEST and EAST), and, more importantly, by different **Site Numbers** (1 for WEST and 2 for EAST) so that your site list appears as shown in display below.



You have now established a site list that will be available in the field for logging of data from two sites (WEST and EAST) to a single file (BLUELAKE). To use this list, you need to first make certain that the entry **Use site list** is active in the **650 logging** setup. Then travel to the WEST site, activate the 650 **Run** display and then select either a continuous data stream (**Start** logging) or a single data entry (**Log single point**) from the 650 logging window, and press **Enter**. When the logging prompt is activated, the site list will automatically appear on the display and be available for use in your study as shown below. First highlight the entry with the WEST **Site name** (since your are at that location) and press **Enter** to log data to the 650 memory. An indication that the logging was successful will appear in the 650 logging window. Then move to the next location (EAST), activate the 650 logging function, and repeat the logging process, but this time highlighting the EAST **Site name** entry.

Site list Filename Site name	Site Num	
BLUELAKE EAST	2	
	Configure	·
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 02/25/2000 21:41:12	740.5mmHg	NDE

Pick a site, th	en press ਦ —
Filename Site name	e Site Num
BLUELAKE WEST	1
BLUELAKE EAST	2
	Configure
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 02/25/2000 21:38:13	740.0mmHg

NOTE: If you want to return to the **Edit site list** display for changes before logging, use the RIGHT ARROW KEY to highlight the **Configure** selection and press **Enter**. The up/down arrows will only scroll within the **Site list**.

The data for two different sites has now been logged to the single file (BLUELAKE) that can be either viewed manually using the **650 View file** menu or uploaded to EcoWatch for Windows from **the 650 File|Upload to PC** menu. The Site Number ("1" for the WEST site and "2" for the EAST site) will be stored with each data point and will be thus be available for identifying where the data was taken. The file BLUELAKE can be examined by use of the 650 **File** selection. In the 650 **File** menu, highlight **Directory** and press **Enter** as shown below. Then press **Enter** with the cursor on the BLUELAKE file to show the file details.



Note that there is NO Site name listed for the file BLUELAKE since data from more than one site was logged to it. Now highlight the **View file selection** and press **Enter** to display the data in BLUELAKE as shown below.



Note that the data from two sites is identified by the **Site Number** attached to each data record. To index these numbers to the appropriate locations, the user must consult the **Site list** by activating **Edit site list** from the **650 Logging setup** menu. The correlation between site names and numbers is found here, indicating that Site 1 is WEST and Site 2 is EAST.

Edit s	ite .	list—		
Filonamo Sito r		Rito	Mum	
PLUELAVE WEST	Tane	1	Num	
DIUELAKE WEST		2		
DECEDARE EAST		2		
		v		
e+≝ or e+♥ t	⊕+▲ or ⊕+▼ to move a site			
. ⊕+⊵ to insert	€+) to insert a site			
. ⊕+€ to delete	⊕+€ to delete a site			
Tip: Leave blank to use the same				
filename as the previous site.				
	-			
N 0º 0 000' E 0º 0 00	<u></u>	776.0	metta 🗖	
01/11/2001 10.11.00 E				

This file will remain in 650 memory so that you can return to each location at a future time and log more data to the **Site designations** WEST and EAST. The key for this site list setup is that all data logged will be stored in the same file (BLUELAKE) under different **Site Numbers** for each location (1 for WEST and 2 for EAST).

NOTE CAREFULLY: The same limitation noted above applies for appending the file BLUELAKE with additional data from these or other sites – the logging setup (sonde parameters, barometer, GPS) must be identical to that for the initially-stored data. If there has been a change in setup, the **Site Designation** will be "grayed-out" in the **Site List** indicating a parameter mismatch.

5.3.4 EDITING YOUR SITE LIST

The 650 software provides powerful tools for editing your site list. Actions such as inserting (adding) new entries, deleting existing entries, and moving entries within the list can be carried out easily from the keypad. Highlight the **Edit site list** entry in the **650 Logging setup** display and press **Enter** to show the following screen.

Fllename BLUELAKE	Site n. WEST	ame f	lite L	Nur
BLUELAKE	EAST	2	2	
Si:				
⊕+≜ or ⊕+⊾ to	⊕+▼ to) move	a si	te
€+€ to	delete	a site		
			Concernance of the second	
Tip: Leav	e blank	to us	e th	es

Note that the keystrokes for editing the site list are shown in the bottom of the Main Display. Thus, to insert (add) a file above the present cursor position, simply highlight the proper entry and press the **Right arrow** key while holding down the **Enter** key as shown in the following example. Note that two sites were inserted in the initial site list using this method.

Edit site list
Site list
Filename Site name Site Num
BLUELAKE WEST 1
EAST BLUE LAKE 0
WEST BLUE LAKE 0
BLUELAKE EAST 2
⊕+▲ or ⊕+▼ to move a site
⊕+▶ to insert a site
⊕+ to delete a site
Tip: Leave blank to use the same
filename as the previous site.
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 736.8mmHg □ 07/11/2001 15:38:32

The two inserted entries can be moved either up or down in the list by highlighting them and pressing the **Up or Down arrow** key while holding down the **Enter** key or completely deleted by highlighting the entry and pressing the **Left arrow** key while holding down the **Enter** key as shown below.

Site list	Site list
RLIFLAKE WEST 1	Filename Site name Site Num
BLUELAKE EAST 2	BLUELAKE WEST I
WEST BLUE LAKE 0	MAST BLUE LAKE 0
⊕+@ or ⊕+V to move a site ⊕+V to insert a site ⊕+G to delete a site	⊕+@ or ⊕+♥ to move a site ⊕+® to insert a site ⊕+® to delete a site
Tip: Leave blank to use the same filename as the previous site.	Tip: Leave blank to use the same filename as the previous site.
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 736.9mmis	N 0º 0.000' E 0º 0.000' 737.1mmig

Finally, the user should be aware of a timesaving tip that is displayed when the **Filename** entry is highlighted. The tip allows much easier generation of **Multi-Site Designations** where the **Filename** is identical for several files. To "copy" the Filename from the previous file to a new entry below, simply highlight the new **Filename** block, press **Enter** and then enter site names and site numbers. The site list will show these blanks in the **Edit site list** mode as shown on the left below, but when the site list is accessed for logging studies the actual **Filename** will appear to avoid confusion. This is shown at the right below. Note that, by using this tip, two new sites have been easily added to the BLUELAKE Multi-site list with no need to physically enter "BLUELAKE" as the Filename for each new site.



Remember that, when editing your Site list, you will have no effect on the actual files which were previously logged to 650 memory nor on the data in the files. See Section 6 below.

5.4 650 LOGGING - "CANS" AND "CAN'TS"

The use of the 650 to facilitate the storage of data from YSI 6-series sondes has been described in some detail in the sections above. Unfortunately, the high levels of capability and flexibility of the 650 logging function might also be viewed as complexity which, in turn, can confuse some users about how to employ the 650 in their particular application. This section is designed to help with any confusion that exists by listing what "can" be done with the 650 logging system and what "can" be done.

5.4.1 SUMMARY OF 650 LOGGING CAPABILITIES

WITH A 650/YSI SONDE SYSTEM, THE USER CAN:

- Log sonde sensor data to either sonde memory (if your sonde is so equipped) or 650 memory.
- Log data as either a single point or as a continuous data stream.
- Log data in both single point form and continuous stream form to the same file in 650 or sonde memory.

- Log continuous data stream data at long or short sample intervals to sonde memory, <u>as long as the study is started from the Run menu of the sonde</u>.
- Log continuous data stream data at long or short sample intervals up to 15 minutes to 650 memory using the **Sample interval** selection in the **Logging setup** menu of the 650.
- Log data from the 650 internal barometer to the memory of the 650.
- Log data from a user-supplied GPS unit to the memory of the 650, <u>as long as the GPS unit is set up in</u> <u>NMEA format and has the proper cable.</u>
- Log data with minimal keypad entry from the 650 display by using default file naming.
- Assign custom file and site names using the 650 keypad at the logging site.
- Set up custom site lists in the office or laboratory that are instantly available in the field to simply file/site management.
- Set up Site Designations that are characterized by a File Name and a Site Name for simple logging of data from a single site to a single file.
- Set up Site Designations that are characterized by a File Name, a Site Name, and a Site number which correlates with the Site name. These lists allow the logging of data from more than one site to the same file.
- Easily view data on the 650 display that has been stored to either sonde or 650 memory.
- Easily upload data that has been stored in either sonde or 650 memory to a PC for analysis using EcoWatch for Windows software from YSI.

5.4.2 SUMMARY OF 650 LOGGING LIMITATIONS

WITH A 650/YSI SONDE SYSTEM, THE USER CANNOT:

- Log GPS and/or barometer data to <u>sonde</u> memory.
- Log GPS and/or barometer to 650 memory <u>without a sonde attached and the 650 in **Run** mode</u>. See Sections 8.2 and 9.4 below.
- Log data to existing files in 650 memory if the data format does not EXACTLY match that of the data already in the file. Typical examples of this type of "file mismatch" include:
 - Attempting to append existing data files after changing the parameter list.
 - Attempting to append existing data containing a Site Number to a file that contains data without Site numbers.
 - Attempting to append existing data containing NO site number to a file that contains data with Site numbers.
 - Attempting to append existing files containing GPS and/or barometer data after deactivating the storage of these parameters in **Logging setup**.

- Delete <u>individual</u> files from 650 or sonde memory. The memory is "flash" and therefore all files must be deleted in order to regenerate the storage capacity.
- Enter more than 8 characters for a File name or more than 13 characters for a Site name.

SECTION 6 MANAGING 650 FILES

6.1 INTRODUCTION

This section deals with the management of data that have been placed in 650 memory either through direct logging from your sonde or from the upload of data stored in sonde memory. A "file" by definition contains data and is distinct from the **Site Designations** in a **Site list** that are used to configure actual data files. For example, deleting an entry from the site list after points have been logged under this designation will have no effect on the actual logged data, i.e., the file itself will still be present in 650 memory. Conversely, deleting data files from the 650 memory will not delete the **Site Designations** from the **Site list**. The management of data stored in the 650 is controlled from the **650 File** command; the management of the list of file/site designations is controlled from the **Edit site list** command in the **650 Logging setup** menu as described in Section 5.3.4 above. Understanding this distinction will help the user avoid confusion in file and site list management.

It is also important to remember that, as described in Section 2.2 above, the memory of the 650 is "flash" and that, while this type of memory has many advantages, its use does impose two limitations on file management.

- 1. The files are listed in the order that they are logged to memory and this order cannot be changed.
- 2. It is not possible to delete individual files to free up memory. The only way to regenerate the 650 memory is to delete ALL files present, i.e., format the flash.

To proceed with the details of 650 File management, turn the instrument on, highlight the **File** entry in the **650 Main menu**, and press **Enter** to display the File commands as shown below.

650 Main Menu
Sonde run
Sonde menu
File
Logging setup
System setup
N39°47.328' W 83°54.131' 740.3mmHg 🔲 06/04/2000 12:35:56 👚



6.2 DIRECTORY

Use the arrow keys to highlight the **Directory** selection in the **650** File menu and press Enter to display the list of files resident in the 650 memory.

Filename S	Samples	Bytes
PROFILE1.dat	179	9047
DEPLOY1.dat	8	668
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.00 07/12/2001 07:16:17	0' 739 / ±), OmmHg 🔲

Note that the size of the file is shown in two different ways: (1) the number of samples (logged data points of several parameters) and (2) the total number of bytes of memory occupied by the file. Highlight the top file (PROFILE1) and press **Enter** to generate a display of the details of this file. Press **Escape** and then highlight the second file (DEPLOY1) and press **Enter** to again display information about the file.



-File details-File:DEPLOY1.dat Site:EAST LAKE ID:NotSet Samples: з Bytes: 342 First:08/21/2001 08:00:40 Last :08/21/2001 08:10:40 Interval:00:05:00 N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000 08/21/2001 08:22:26 🗄 🔲 мімн

For both files, the file name, site name, file size and time of the first and last samples logged are shown. The information under **Interval** will identify whether the data were logged by manual control of the system (Discrete) or to the memory of a sonde set up in an **Unattended sampling** study. Only for **Unattended sampling** studies will the actual sample interval be displayed. When the Interval has the designation "Discrete", the time between samples can be determined by viewing the data as described below in Section 6.4.

6.3 UPLOAD TO PC

This frequently used command is used to transfer data files resident in the 650 memory (either logged directly or uploaded from sonde memory) to a PC that is running YSI EcoWatch for Windows software. Once transferred, the data can be custom configured, plotted, and reported in tabular form using this software package. The data can also be exported from EcoWatch in spreadsheet compatible form if the user prefers this method of data analysis and management. In order to carry out the upload of data files to your PC, you must first connect the 650 to a serial port of your computer via the 655174 PC Interface cable as shown in the following diagram:



After the connection is made, run EcoWatch for Windows, click on the sonde icon in the upper toolbar, and set the Comm port number to match your interface. After this setup procedure, the following screen will be present on your PC monitor:

REAR	97	E.		_
			4	
			2 ²¹	

To transfer data from the 650 to your PC, highlight the **Upload to PC** selection in the 650 File menu and press **Enter** to view a list of the files. Highlight the file that you wish to transfer and press **Enter**. The 650 and PC displays will show the progress of the file transfer until completion.



Note that there are three file types (with different extensions) in the above directory: (1) Files with .dat extensions which are data files logged to either sonde memory of 650 memory and which are in YSI PC6000 format; (2) Files with a .txt extension which are data files logged to sonde memory and then transferred to 650 memory in either ASCII or CDF format; and (3) Files with a .glp extension which are calibration records of either the sonde sensors or the 650 barometer. For files with a .dat or .txt extension, transfer to a PC using the **Upload to PC** command will proceed automatically and retain the file type that is present in 650 memory. For files with a .glp extension, an additional screen will appear on activating the transfer that gives a choice of binary, CDF, or ASCII for moving the file to the computer. You currently MUST use either the CDF or ASCII format for transfer so that the .glp file can be viewed in NotePad or other word processing program. The binary transfer option is for future YSI upgrades.

After transfer files of all types will be located in the C:\ECOWWIN\DATA subdirectory of your PC hard drive.

6.4 VIEW FILE

The **View file** selection in the 650 File menu allows the user to examine the data in files logged or uploaded to 650 memory. Highlight the **View file** selection and press **Enter** to display a list of files present. Then highlight the file of interest and press **Enter** to view the data on the 650 display.

650 File Directory Upload to PC View file File memory Delete all files		Filename S PROFILE1.dat DEPLOY1.dat	amples Bytes 179 9047 8 668
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 742.1mmHg 06/06/2000 17:56:23		N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000 07/12/2001 07:16:17	' 739.0mmHg □ €
	PROFILE		
Date	Time Tem	p Cond 🕯	
m/d/y l	hh:mm:ss d	C mS/cm	
06/04/2000	11:45:27 22.1	1 0.003	
06/04/2000			
06/04/2000	11:45:29 22.1.		
06/04/2000	11.45.30 22.1		
06/04/2000	11:45:32 22.1	1 0.003	
06/04/2000	11:45:33 22.1	1 0.003	
06/04/2000	11:45:34 22.1	1 0.003	
06/04/2000	11:45:35 22.1	1 0.003	
**************************************	° 0.000' 740 :26:59 ≝	.9mmHg □ ED U	

Use the arrow keys to scroll vertically to view more data points with regard to time or horizontally to view more sensor data within a particular data entry. The vertical and horizontal scroll bars identify your location within the data file.

6.5 FILE MEMORY

The **File memory** selection in the 650 **File menu** allows the user to get a complete picture of how the memory of the instrument is presently allocated. To view details of the allocation, highlight **File memory** and press **Enter** to display the following screen.

Directory Upload to PC	
View file	
File memory	
Delete all fil	les

Directory	6400
In files	512
In deleted files	0
Free	1565952
Total	1572864
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000'	742.4mmHg

The key number in the **File bytes used** display is the **Free** memory listing which can be used to determine when you need to format the 650 memory ("Delete all files" as described in the next section). The value under **Total** memory will reflect whether you purchased a 650 with high or low memory. The top three items in the display summarize the allocation of the used memory space. In the example above, 6400 bytes are used in defining the memory directory, 512 bytes are taken up with accessible files, and 0 bytes are taken up in "deleted" files. As described in Section 2.2 above, "deleted" files arise when the same file is uploaded from a sonde several times with the file "overwritten".

There is a lot of information on the **File memory** display, but the number of greatest importance is the **Free** memory value.

6.6 DELETE ALL FILES

Use this selection to remove all files from the 650 memory. Remember that you cannot delete individual files from flash memory. Highlight the selection and press **Enter**. Use the arrow keys to confirm that you really want to delete all files and press **Enter**.

CAUTION: When you use this command, all data currently stored in the 650 memory will be irretrievably lost, so make certain that you have transferred all files of interest to your PC before carrying out the procedure. Note, however, that use of the **Delete all files** command will have no effect on any **Site Designations** which have been entered from the **Edit site list** selection.

SECTION 7 UPLOADING DATA FROM SONDES

7.1 INTRODUCTION

A primary function of the 650 is to serve as an intermediate location for transfer of data stored in deployed 6series sondes to a PC without bringing the sondes back to the base facility. In this application, the user connects the 650 to the sonde at the deployment site via a standard YSI field cable and, using the proper keypad commands, transfers the data stored in the sonde to the memory of the 650. The sonde is then redeployed without disturbing the study and the data transferred to a PC on return to the base facility.

7.2 UPLOAD PROCEDURE

After attachment of the sonde to the 650 with a YSI field cable, turn on the 650, highlight the **Sonde menu** selection and press **Enter** to display the Main sonde menu. Highlight the File selection and press **Enter**. **NOTE: The upload MUST be made from the File menu of the** <u>sonde</u>, not the File menu of the <u>650</u>.

650 Main Menu	Main	File
Sonde run	Run	Directory
Sonde menu	Calibrate	Upload
File	File	Quick Upload
Logging setup	Status	View file
System setup	System	Quick view file
	Report	Delete all files
	Sensor	
	Advanced	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 740.6mmHg □ 06/01/2000 17:06:37	N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.1mmHg 06/02/2000 11:45:17	N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 739.4mmHg 06/02/2000 11:46:31 È

Select the **Upload** or **Quick upload** (last file) and press **Enter**. Then follow the instructions including selection of file format – YSI recommends the PC6000 format. Press **Enter** and the display will indicate that upload of data from sonde to 650 is in progress as shown below. When the upload is complete, the display will return to the **Sonde File** menu.



After the sonde file has been uploaded to the 650, the data is resident in the flash memory of both sonde and 650. Note that, if you choose to upload files from the sonde in CDF or ASCII format, the files will be characterized by a .txt extension in the 650 Directory and will NOT be viewable on the 650 display. To view these files, you must first transfer them from the 650 to your PC and then open them in a spreadsheet.

SECTION 8 USING GPS WITH THE 650

8.1 SETTING UP THE GPS-650 INTERFACE

The 650 allows the user to display GPS readings of latitude and longitude from a commercially-available, user-supplied unit in the Status Bar of the 650 display. The interface of the GPS unit to the 650 is

accomplished via the 6115 GPS cable that can be purchased as an optional accessory. Using the 6115 cable, GPS readings can also be logged to the 650 memory along with sonde sensor readings taken at a particular geographical location, which can then be relocated for subsequent studies.

The use of the GPS interface is easy, but the user must configure the hardware and software of the GPS unit as follows before proceeding:

- Consult the user manual of the GPS unit and configure the instrument so that readings in the NMEA 0183 protocol are generated.
- Purchase from your GPS manufacturer a cable that connects at one end to the GPS unit and has at its other end a male DE-9 connector for interface with the YSI 6115 GPS cable.

Once these requirements are met, proceed according to the following instructions, consulting Figure 2 in Section 2.3 above for assistance:

- Connect the 6115 GPS cable to the 650 via the MS-8 connector.
- Connect the other MS-8 connector of the 6115 GPS cable to the MS-8 connector or your sonde cable.
- Attach the male DE-9 connector of the 6115 GPS cable to the mating female connector of your GPS unit.
- Turn on the 650 and make certain that appropriate GPS readings are displayed in the upper left corner of the Status Bar as shown in the following display.



8.2 LOGGING GPS READINGS

To log latitude and longitude readings from a user-supplied GPS unit, the following conditions must be met:

- GPS readings can ONLY be logged to 650 memory the system does NOT support logging to sonde memory.
- The GPS readings must be logged to 650 memory from the **650 Run** display along with sonde sensor readings. This means that you must have a sonde attached to your 650 via the 6115 cable in order to log GPS readings. Logging of GPS readings is not supported without sonde attachment even though these readings can be viewed in the Status Bar with no sonde attached.
- If your want to log the GPS readings to 650 memory along with sonde sensor readings at a particular location, you must make certain that the **Store Lat and Long** option is active in the **Logging setup** menu of the 650.

Once these conditions are met, follow the instructions in Section 5.3 above for logging of sonde sensor readings to 650 memory. The GPS readings will automatically be added to the file at the sample interval selected for the sonde readings.

GPS readings stored in 650 memory will remain as part of the sensor data file that can be viewed from the 650 display and/or uploaded with the data file for analysis in EcoWatch for Windows. Latitude and longitude are, however, displayed somewhat differently by the 650 and EcoWatch as noted below:

- For both display formats, the GPS are indexed relative to the point where the Greenwich Mean Time line crosses the equator.
- For the 650 Status Bar, readings are displayed in degrees and then decimal minutes relative to this point with actual "N" (north), "S" (south), "E" (east) and "W" (west) designations relative to the index point.
- When analyzing data in EcoWatch, the user will have the choice of two formats, decimal degrees (e.g., 47.5400 degrees) or degrees/decimal minutes (e.g., 47° 32.400'). For EcoWatch, alpha directional characters ("N", "S", "E", and "W") are NOT used. Instead, points <u>north</u> and <u>east</u> of the index point are designated as <u>positive</u>, while points <u>south</u> and <u>west</u> are designated as <u>negative</u>.

These criteria mean that the GPS coordinates of Yellow Springs, Ohio, USA are approximately 39 ° 47.33' latitude and -83 °54.13' longitude as read in EcoWatch, but N 39 ° 47.33' W 83 ° 54.13' as displayed by the 650.

SECTION 9 USING THE 650 BAROMETER

9.1 PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

The optional barometer operates on the strain-gauge principle and is located on the internal PCB of the 650. To make certain that the barometer is sensing true atmospheric pressure under conditions of temperature and pressure changes, the interior of the case is vented to the atmosphere with patches of material which are permeable to air, but impermeable to water. One of these patches is located in the rear section of the case and the other is attached to the battery lid. The patch on the case rear is not accessible to the user, but the one on the battery lid can be damaged by abuse. Be certain to identify the location of the patch on the interior of the battery lid and take care not to puncture it with sharp objects or to peel it away from the plastic. If you suspect that the venting patch on your battery lid has been damaged, make certain that you do not expose the 650 to water (either spraying or submersion). Then contact YSI Customer Service as soon as possible for advice.

The 650 barometer reads true barometric pressure and therefore is unlikely to agree with values from your local weather service which are usually corrected to sea level before being distributed. Note, however, that the primary purpose of the barometer is for use in calibrating your sonde dissolved oxygen sensor and the "true" value as shown in the 650 Status Bar is the required parameter for this procedure.

9.2 CALIBRATING THE BAROMETER

The 650 barometer is factory calibrated to provide accurate readings in the 500-800 mm Hg range which will be useful for dissolved oxygen calibration at most locations. This factory calibration should provide readings that are useful for dissolved oxygen calibration for many months with no user attention. However, if the user wishes to either increase the accuracy of the sensor in the local barometric pressure range or to compensate for

the small drift associated with any sensor, the 650 provides a single point calibration routine which is accessed in the **650 System setup** menu and is described in Section 3.9 above.

The critical factor in carrying out the single point calibration is the accuracy of the "standard" barometer that is used to determine the true barometric pressure. Common sources of this "standard" reading are high quality laboratory barometers (either mercury-based or electronic) and data from your local weather service. Laboratory barometer readings are usually "true" (uncorrected) values of air pressure and can be used "as is" for a standard as long as the system is known to be accurate. Weather service readings are usually not "true", i.e., they are corrected to sea level, and therefore cannot be used until they are "uncorrected". An approximate formula for this "uncorrection" (where the BP readings MUST be in mm Hg) is:

True BP = [Corrected BP] – [2.5 * (Local Altitude/100)]

Overall, the key point to remember in calibration of your barometer is to make certain that your "standard" reading is correct. If the "standard" is not accurate, you are likely to do more harm than good with your user-calibration.

9.3 CHANGING BAROMETER UNITS

The 650 offers the user a choice of six commonly used units of barometric pressure which can be displayed in the Status Bar. When received from the factory, the 650 will show values in mm Hg. If the user wants to change to other units, the selection is found in the **650 System setup** menu as shown below. Highlight the selection and press **Enter** to show the possible units. Then highlight the unit of choice and press **Enter** to activate it. The barometer reading in the Status Bar will automatically change to the newly selected unit.



Barometer	units
OmmHg	
○inHg	
⊙mBar	
OPsi	
\bigcirc Atm	
\bigcirc KPa	
N 0° 0.000' E 0° 0.000' 07/12/2001 07:44:51	986mBar □ ≇ ■■■■

9.4 LOGGING BAROMETER READINGS

To log barometric pressure readings with the 650, the following conditions (similar to those above for logging GPS readings) must be met:

- Barometer readings can ONLY be logged to 650 memory the system does NOT support logging to sonde memory.
- The barometer readings must be logged to 650 memory from the **650 Run** display along with sonde sensor readings. This means that you must have a sonde attached to your 650 in order to log barometer readings. Logging of barometer readings is not supported without sonde attachment even though these readings can be viewed in the Status Bar with no sonde attached.
- If your want to log barometer readings to 650 memory, you must make certain that the **Store Barometer** option is active in the **Logging setup** menu of the 650.

Once these conditions are met, follow the instructions in Section 5.3 above for logging of sonde sensor readings to 650 memory. The barometer readings will automatically be added to the file at the sample interval selected for the sonde readings.

Barometer readings stored in 650 memory will remain as part of the sensor data file that can be viewed from the 650 display and/or uploaded with the data file for analysis in EcoWatch for Windows. The barometric pressure readings are processed as a normal parameter by EcoWatch, with the user having the ability to change units from the EcoWatch menus. For example, data stored in 650 memory in units of mm Hg units can easily be converted to readings in mBar after upload.

SECTION 10 UPGRADING 650 SOFTWARE

The 650 software can easily be upgraded from the YSI World Wide Web page (<u>www.ysi.com</u>). However, before accessing the Web page, the instrument should be prepared for upgrade by attaching the MS-8 end of the YSI 655174 PC Interface cable to the 650 and the DE-9 end of the 655174 to a serial port of a PC which has Internet access as shown below:



Once the setup is complete, access the YSI Web Page and locate the section on software upgrades. Select the 650 upgrade entry and follow the instructions provided on the Web Page. If you encounter difficulties in the upgrade procedure, contact YSI Customer Service for advice.

SECTION 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

The following sections describes problems which you might encounter when using the 650 MDS and provides suggestions which might allow the user to overcome the symptom without additional assistance.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE SOLUTION
No display is visible after pressing the on/off key.	If C cells are used, make certain that they are
	installed properly with regard to polarity and that
	good batteries are used. If a rechargeable battery
	pack is used, place the pack in the instrument and
	charge for 30 minutes.
No interaction with the sonde occurs when pressing	Make certain that (a) the cable is connected properly
Sonde run or Sonde menu from the 650 menu.	between sonde and 650 and (b) that Sonde power is
	activated in the 650 System setup menu.
Instrument software appears to be locked up as	First, attempt to reset the instrument by simply
evidenced by no response to keypad entries or	turning off and then on again. If this fails, remove
display not changing.	battery power from the instrument for 30 seconds and
	then reapply power. When using C cells, remove the
	battery lid and one of the batteries; when using the
	rechargeable battery pack, remove the pack
	completely from the instrument. After 30 seconds
	replace the battery or battery pack and check for
	instrument function.
Upload of files to 650 from sonde fails.	(1) Make sure that cable is connected properly to
	both 650 and sonde; (2) Make certain that you are
	accessing the upload routine from the sonde File
	menu and NOT from the <u>650</u> File menu.
Upload of files from 650 to PC fails	1) Make sure that cable is connected properly to both
	650 and PC; (2) Make certain that the proper Comm
	port is selected in EcoWatch for Windows.
GPS and/or barometer data is not stored with sonde	Make sure Store barometer and Store Lat and
data file.	Long are active in 650 Logging setup menu.
Site Designations in the Site List are "grayed-out"	There is a parameter mismatch between the current
and not available for appending files with additional	650 setup and that initially used. Use 650 File view
data. A "Parameter Mismatch" screen is displayed.	and the Parameter Mismatch screen to determine the
	sonde parameter, barometer, and GPS format of file
	already present in memory and readjust the setup to
	match that initially used.
GPS data is not shown in Status Bar.	Make sure that (a) the cables are attached properly;
	(b) that the GPS unit is configured for NMEA 0183
	format; (c) that the GPS unit is "locked in" and that
	the GPS unit display is showing proper readings.
The 650 display flashes and the instrument speaker	The battery voltage is low. Change to new C cells or
makes a continuous clicking sound.	recharge the 6117 battery pack.
The sonde/650 resets when optical wipers are	The battery voltage is low. Change to new C cells or
activated in the sonde.	recharge the 6117 battery pack.

If these guidelines and tips fail to correct your problem or if any other symptoms occur, contact YSI Customer Service for Advice. See Section 8 of the 6-series manual for contact information.

SECTION 12 FERRITE BEAD INSTALLATION

WARNING: If you are using your 650 in a European Community (CE) country or in Australia or New Zealand, you must attach a ferrite bead to the 655174 PC Interface Cable and the 6116 Charger Adapter Cable in order to comply with the Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial Class B Limits for radio-frequency emissions specified in EN55011 (CISPR11) for Industrial, Scientific and Medical laboratory equipment. These ferrite assemblies are supplied as part of cable kits.

To install the beads, follow these steps:

- Make a small loop (approximately 5 cm in diameter) in the cable near the 650 MS-8 connector.
- Lay the open ferrite bead assembly under the loop with the cable cross-over position within the cylinder of the ferrite bead. See the drawing below for assistance.



• Snap the two pieces of the bead together making certain that the tabs lock securely.

When the installation is complete, the 655174 and 6116 cables should resemble the following schematic drawings.



SECTION 13 650 SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

MIMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS!

\triangle SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

In essence, the most important safety rule for use of the 650 is to utilize the instrument ONLY for purposes documented in this manual. This is particularly true of the 6117 rechargeable battery pack that contains nickel metal hydride (NiMH) batteries. The 650 user should be certain to read all of the safety precautions outlined below before using the instrument.

△6113 Rechargeable Battery Pack Safety Information

ARestrictions on Usage

- 1. Never dispose of the battery pack in a fire.
- 2. Do not attempt to disassemble the 6117 battery pack.
- 3. Do not tamper with any of the electronic components or the batteries within the battery pack. Tampering with either the electronic circuitry or the batteries will result in the voiding of the warranty and the compromising of the system performance, but, more importantly, can cause safety hazards which result from overcharging such as overheating, venting of gas, and loss of corrosive electrolyte.
- 4. Do not charge the battery pack outside the 0-40 C temperature range.
- 5. Do not use or store the battery at high temperature, such as in strong direct sunlight, in cars during hot weather, or directly in front of heaters.
- 6. Do not expose the battery pack to water or allow the terminals to become damp.
- 7. Avoid striking or dropping the battery pack. If the pack appears to have sustained damage from these actions or malfunctions after an impact or drop, the user should not attempt to repair the unit. Instead, contact YSI Customer Service.
- 8. If the battery pack is removed from the 650, do not store it in pockets or packaging where metallic objects such as keys can short between the positive and negative terminals.

APrecautions for Users with Small Children

Keep the battery pack out of reach of babies and small children.

ADanger Notifications – Misuse creates a STRONG possibility of death or serious injury.

FAILURE TO CAREFULLY OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES AND PRECAUTIONS CAN RESULT IN LEAKAGE OF BATTERY FLUID, HEAT GENERATION, BURSTING, AND SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY.

- 1. Never dispose of the battery pack in a fire or heat it.
- 2. Never allow the positive and negative terminals of the battery pack to become shorted or connected with electrically conductive materials. When the battery pack has been removed from the 650, store it in a heavy plastic bag to prevent accidental shorting of the terminals.
- 3. Never disassemble the battery pack and do not tamper with any of the electronic components or the batteries within the battery pack. The battery pack is equipped with a variety of safety features. Accidental deactivation of any of these safety features can cause a serious hazard to the user.
- 4. The NiMH batteries in the battery pack contain a strong alkaline solution (electrolyte). The alkaline solution is extremely corrosive and will cause damage to skin or other tissues. If any fluid from the battery pack comes in contact with a user's eyes, immediately flush with clean water and consult a physician immediately. The alkaline solution can damage eyes and lead to permanent loss of eyesight.

AWarning Notifications – Misuse creates a possibility of death or serious injury

- 1. Do not allow the battery pack to contact freshwater, seawater, or other oxidizing reagents that might cause rust and result in heat generation. If a battery becomes rusted, the gas release vent may no longer operate and this failure can result in bursting.
- 2. If electrolyte from the battery pack contacts the skin or clothing, thoroughly wash the area immediately with clean water. The battery fluid can irritate the skin.

ACaution Notifications – Misuse creates a possibility of mild or serious injury or damage to the equipment.

- 1. Do not strike or drop the battery pack. If any impact damage to the battery pack is suspected, contact YSI Customer Service.
- 2. Store the battery pack out of reach of babies and small children.
- 3. Store the battery pack between the temperatures of -20 and 30 C.
- 4. Before using the battery pack, be sure to read the operation manual and all precautions carefully. Then store this information carefully to use as a reference when the need arises.

△616 Cigarette Lighter Charger Safety Information

- 1. This section contains important safety and operating instructions for the 650 cigarette lighter battery charger (YSI Model 616; RadioShack Number 270-1533E). BE SURE TO SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.
- 2. Before using the 616 cigarette lighter charger, read all instructions and cautionary markings on battery charger, battery pack, and Model 650.
- 3. Charge the 6117 battery pack with the 616 cigarette lighter charger ONLY when the 6117 is installed in the YSI 650.
- 4. Do not expose charger to rain, moisture, or snow.
- 5. Use of an attachment not recommended or sold by the battery charger manufacturer may result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons.
- 6. To reduce risk of damage to cigarette lighter and cord, pull by cigarette lighter rather than cord when disconnecting charger.
- 7. Make sure that the cord is located so that it will not be stepped on, tripped over, or otherwise subjected to damage or stress.
- 8. Do not operate charger with damaged cord or cigarette lighter connector replace it immediately.
- 9. Do not operate charger if it has received a sharp blow, been dropped, or otherwise damaged in any way; contact YSI Customer Service.
- 10. Do not disassemble charger other than to change the fuse as instructed. Replace the part or send it to YSI Product Service if repair is required. Incorrect reassembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 11. To reduce risk of electric shock, unplug charger before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off controls will not reduce this risk.

▲650 Water Leakage Safety Information

The 650 has been tested and shown to comply with IP67 criterion, i.e. submersion in 1 meter of water for 30 minutes with no leakage into either the battery compartment or the main case. However, if the instrument is submersed for periods of time in excess of 30 minutes, leakage may occur with subsequent damage to the batteries, the rechargeable battery pack circuitry, and/or the electronics in the main case.

If leakage into the battery compartment is observed when using alkaline C cells, remove batteries, dispose of batteries properly, and dry the battery compartment completely, ideally using compressed air. If corrosion is present on the battery terminals, contact YSI Customer Service for instructions.

If leakage into the battery compartment is observed when using the 6117 rechargeable battery pack, remove the battery assembly and set aside to dry. Return the battery pack to YSI Product Service for

evaluation of possible damage. Finally dry the battery compartment completely, ideally using compressed air. If corrosion is present on the battery terminals, contact YSI Customer Service for instructions.

CAUTION: If water has contacted the rechargeable battery pack, do not attempt to reuse it until it has been evaluated by YSI Product Service. Failure to follow this precaution can result in serious injury to the user.

If it is suspected that leakage into the main cavity of the case has occurred, remove the batteries immediately and return the instrument to YSI Product Service for damage assessment.

CAUTION: Under no circumstances should the user attempt to open the main case.

SECTION 14 WARRANTY AND SERVICE INFORMATION

All versions of the 650 are warranted for three years against defects in workmanship and materials when used for its intended purposes and maintained according to instructions. Damage due to accidents, misuse, tampering, or failure to perform prescribed maintenance is not covered. Within the warranty period, YSI will repair or replace, at its sole discretion, free of charge, any product that YSI determines to be covered by this warranty.

To exercise this warranty, write or call your local YSI representative, or contact YSI Customer Service in Yellow Springs, Ohio. Send the product and proof of purchase, transportation prepaid, to the Authorized Service Center selected by YSI. Repair or replacement will be made and the product returned transportation prepaid. Repaired or replaced products are warranted for the balance of the original warranty period, or at least 90 days from date of repair or replacement.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

This Warranty does not apply to any YSI product damage or failure caused by (i) failure to install, operate or use the product in accordance with YSI's written instructions, (ii) abuse or misuse of the product, (iii) failure to maintain the product in accordance with YSI's written instructions or standard industry procedure, (iv) any improper repairs to the product, (v) use by you of defective or improper components or parts in servicing or repairing the product, or (vi) modification of the product in any way not expressly authorized by YSI.

THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. YSI'S LIABILITY UNDER THIS WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT, AND THIS SHALL BE YOUR SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR ANY DEFECTIVE PRODUCT COVERED BY THIS WARRANTY. IN NO EVENT SHALL YSI BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY DEFECTIVE PRODUCT COVERED BY THIS WARRANTY.

AUTHORIZED SERVICE CENTERS

INTERNATIONAL

YSI Incorporated • Repair Center • 1725 Brannum Lane • Yellow Springs, Ohio • 45387 • Phone: (937) 767-7241• E-Mail: info@ysi.com

Hydrodata Services (UK) Ltd. • Unit 8 • Business Centre West • Avenue One • Letchworth • Herts SG6 2HB • UK • Phone: (44-1462) 673581 • Fax: (44-1462) 673582 • E-mail: service@hydrodata.co.uk

YSI Nanotech • Kaizuka 1-15-4, Kawasaki-Ku • Kawaskaki City • Japan • 210-0014 • Ph: 011-814-4222-0009 • Fax: 011-81-44-221102 • E-mail: Nanotech@ysi.com

Hoskin Scientific • 4210 Morris Drive • Burlington, ONT., L7L 5L6 • Canada • Ph: 905-333-5510 • Fax: 905-333-4976

UNITED STATES SERVICE CENTERS

OHIO

YSI Incorporated • Repair Center • 1725 Brannum Lane • Yellow Springs, Ohio • 45387 • Phone: (800) 765-4974 • (937) 767-7241 • E-Mail: <u>info@ysi.com</u>

CALIFORNIA

EQUIPCO Sales and Service • 1110 Burnett Avenue, Suite D • Concord, CA • 94520 • Phone: (800)550-5875 • Fax: (510)674-8655

COLORADO

Ted D. Miller Associates, Inc. • 2525 S. Wadsworth Blvd., Suite 300 • Lakewood, CO • 80227 • Phone: (303) 989-7737 • Fax: (303) 989-8875 • E:mail: sales@tedmillerassociates.com

MISSISSIPPI

C.C. Lynch & Associates, Inc. • P.O. Box 456 • 300 Davis Street • Pass Christian, MS • 39571 Phone: (800) 333-2252 • (228) 452-4612 • Fax (228) 452-2563

CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: Before they can be serviced, equipment exposed to biological, radioactive, or toxic materials must be cleaned and disinfected. Biological contamination is presumed for any instrument, probe, or other device that has been used with body fluids or tissues, or with wastewater. Radioactive contamination is presumed for any instrument, probe or other device that has been used near any radioactive source.

If an instrument, probe, or other part is returned or presented for service without a Cleaning Certificate, and if in our opinion it represents a potential biological or radioactive hazard, our service personnel reserve the right to withhold service until appropriate cleaning, decontamination, and certification has been completed. We will contact the sender for instructions as to the disposition of the equipment. Disposition costs will be the responsibility of the sender.

When service is required, either at the user's facility or at YSI, the following steps must be taken to insure the safety of our service personnel.

- In a manner appropriate to each device, decontaminate all exposed surfaces, including any containers. 70% isopropyl alcohol or a solution of 1/4 cup bleach to 1-gallon tap water are suitable for most disinfecting. Instruments used with wastewater may be disinfected with .5% Lysol if this is more convenient to the user.
- The user shall take normal precautions to prevent radioactive contamination and must use appropriate decontamination procedures should exposure occur.
- If exposure has occurred, the customer must certify that decontamination has been accomplished and that no radioactivity is detectable by survey equipment.
- Any product being returned to the YSI Repair Center, should be packed securely to prevent damage.
- The cleaning must be completed and certified on any product before returning it to YSI.

PACKING INSTRUCTIONS

- Clean and decontaminate items to insure the safety of the handler.Complete and include the Cleaning Certificate.
- *Place* the product in a plastic bag to keep out dirt and packing material.
- [©] Use a large carton, preferably the original, and surround the product completely with packing material.
- This is a set of the replacement value of the product.

Cleaning Certificate		
Organization		
Department		
Address		
City State Zip		
Country Phone		
Model No. of Device Lot Number		
Contaminant (if known)		
Cleaning Agent(s) used		
Radioactive Decontamination Certified?		
(Answer only if there has been radioactive exposure) Yes		
No		
Cleaning Certified By		
Name Date		

SECTION 15 REQUIRED NOTICE

The Federal Communications Commission defines this product as a computing device and requires the following notice.

This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used properly, may cause interference to radio and television reception. It has been type tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A or Class B computing device in accordance with the specification in Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient the receiving antenna
- Relocate the computer with respect to the receiver
- Move the computer away from the receiver
- Plug the computer into a different outlet so that the computer and receiver are on different branch circuits.

If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional instructions. The user may find the following booklet, prepared by the Federal Communication, helpful: "How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems". This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, and Stock No. 0004-000-00345-4.

SECTION 16 650 MDS SPECIFICATIONS

Resistance to Water Leakage: IP 67 for both the standard alkaline battery configuration and for the rechargeable battery pack option.

Operating Temperature Range for Visible Display: -10 to 60 Degrees Celsius

Storage Temperature Range: -20 to 70 Degrees Celsius

Dimensions: 9.13 inches long by 4.75 inches wide by 2.25 inches deep

Weight with 4 Alkaline C cells and no attached sonde or cable: Approximately 2.1 lbs. (960 g).

Display: ¼ VGA; LCD with 320 by 240 pixels with backlight

Connector : MS-8; Meets IP 67 specification

Standard Battery Configuration:

4 Alkaline C Cells with detached battery cover

Optional Battery Configuration:

Nickel Metal Hydride Battery Pack with attached battery cover and 110 volt charger

Battery Life :

Approximate battery life for typical sampling applications with 4 alkaline C cells -3 hours of "on" time per day for 0.5 month (10 working days) with the meter powering a 6600 sonde with all probes active.

Approximate battery life for typical sampling applications with rechargeable battery pack -3 hours of "on" time per day for 0.2 months (4 working days) with the meter powering a 6600 sonde with all probes active. Battery capacity restored completely with a 6-hour charge and charged to approximately 85 % with a 2-hour charge.

Barometer:

Range: 500 to 800 mm Hg Resolution: 0.1 mm Hg Accuracy: +/- 3 mm Hg within +/- 15 C of the calibration temperature

Communication Protocol:

RS-232 to all sondes and for data transfer to PC and for software updates

GPS via Y-cable - NMEA 0183

Standard Backlight Feature: 4 LEDs illuminating LCD

Keyboard: 20 keys including Meter On/Off, Backlight On/Off, Enter, Escape, 10 Number/Letter Entry Keys, 2 Vertical arrow keys, 2 Horizontal arrow keys, 1 minus/hyphen entry key, 1 decimal point/period key.

YSI incorporated



1700/1725 Brannum Lane Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387 USA (800) 765-4974 (937) 767-7241 FAX: (937) 767-9320 Website: <u>http://www.ysi.com</u> E-mail: info@ysi.com

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